

# THE EVERREADY PIPE AND ELBOW CHART



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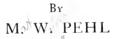


# NEW BOOK OF INSTRUCTION AND TABLES

FOR USE WITH

# THE EVERREADY PIPE AND ELBOW CHART

(Designed for Sheet Metal and Boiler Workers)



SECOND EDITION REVISED AND ENLARGED

NEW YORK

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# Pipe and Elbow Chart

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# Preface

I N this second edition of the Everready Pipe & Elbow Chart the author has endeavored to embody in the booklet a number of tables of weights and other data that is very necessary for every mechanic, foreman, superintendent and estimator to have in as compact a form as possible. A number of these charts, tables, etc., have been taken from books, periodicals and magazines, for which due credit is given.

To the mechanic, the booklet furnishes exact dimensions for cutting out patterns for pipes, ducts and elbows; also proper allowances for the small end of pipes, so that they will fit properly.

To the foreman, it gives correct angles for mitre lines of all kinds of elbows, and a good short method of cutting elbow patterns. It also gives the weights of round and rectangular ducts and elbows, areas and circumference of pipes, including laps, weights of iron, friction in ducts, the loss of power due to friction, correct radius in elbows, the equalization of pipe diameters, flue and register dimensions, and the carrying capacity of ducts.

#### Preface

To the superintendent, it furnishes information relative to the successful operation of a heating or ventilating system, and it is of a pocket size, for instant reference in checking up the size of main trunk ducts, branches or elbows; data on power, weights of material, and hoods for wood-working machinery in connection with dust and shaving collecting systems.

To the estimator, the tables of weights of round and rectangular ducts and elbows will prove a valuable addition where accuracy and time in figuring up each size of duct on a large contract is considered.

These tables have proven most efficient to the author in his work along these lines.

THE PUBLISHER.

# Figuring Material

O find the amount of iron required for any size pipe, turn the small dial so that the slot is opposite the diameter at the outer edge of the large disc, and read the circumference under "CIR.," which includes all laps according to size as noted. (To use a wider lap, add the difference between that given and the one to be used.)

All calculations are figured to the nearest 1/16 of an inch, so that all fractional parts on the celluloid charts (15:8) should be read as sixteenths of an inch; for example, 15.8 would read  $15\frac{1}{2}$ ".

Example: Required for circumference of a pipe 12" in diameter: Turn the dial to figure 12 and read under "CIR." 38.11 or 38 11/16", mark this measurement off on the iron for the large end, and deduct for the small end according to the gauge of iron used. (Fig. 1.) For tapering joints, draw a center line and mark off one-half of the circumference on each side, the large diameter at one end, the small diameter at the other. (Fig. 2.) To find the circumference of pipes of odd sizes such as that of a pipe  $15\frac{1}{2}$ " in diameter, take the difference between the even inch given and the next largest size, as 16 inches in this case, and add half of this difference to the circumference of the even inch. Thus a  $15\frac{1}{2}$ " diameter has a circumference of  $48.2 + \frac{1}{2}(51.4 - 48.2) = 49$  11/16.

## Area

T O find the area of any size of pipe, turn the dial to the diameter on the outer edge and read under "Area." To compute the area of a pipe which will equal the combined area of two or more

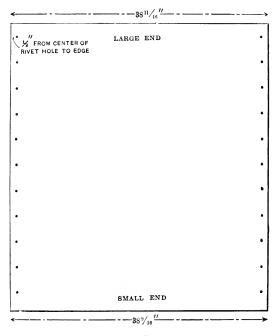


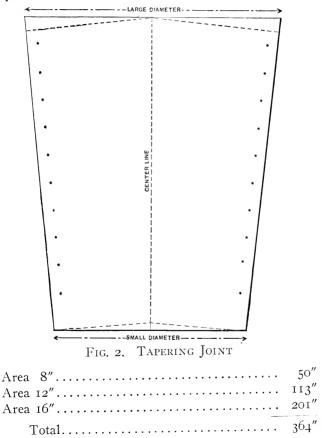
FIG. I. PATTERN FOR 12" PIPE OF NO. 20 GAUGE

pipes, add the area of all the branches together, then turn the dial until the nearest number to the total

#### Area

appears under "Area." At the outside read the required diameter.

For example: What size pipe would be required to equal the combined area of an 8", 12" and 16" pipe?



The nearest number given in the area table is 380, which is that of a 22'' diameter pipe.

To find the area of a trunk line from which a branch has been taken, deduct the area of the branch from the main trunk area and turn dial to the nearest number under "Area," and read the diameter of the continued trunk at the outer edge.

To find the diameter of a round pipe equal to a square or rectangular pipe, multiply the width by the depth and find nearest number under "Area," the outer edge of which will be the required diameter.

# Elbows

The calculations are based on 90 degree elbows, and all pieces have the same length of throat.  $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch has been allowed for the seams. If elbow is to be riveted instead of peaned, add  $\frac{5}{8}$  of an inch to the measurements given. The radius means the distance from the center of a circle around which the inside of the elbow would fit. The usual method is to make the radius equal to the diameter of the pipe. With this chart, any radius from 3" to 62" can be used.

The number of pieces to be used in an elbow should be determined by its size and position. The greater the number of elbow pieces the less will be the friction of air in the pipe. The chart gives calculations for four, five and six pieces. For elbows with more pieces, use the following table:

#### How to make Elbows of 8 and more Pieces

For 8 piece elbow, take  $\frac{1}{2}$  measurement for 4 piece. For 10 piece elbow, take  $\frac{1}{2}$  measurement for 5 piece. For 12 piece elbow, take  $\frac{1}{2}$  measurement for 6 piece. For 15 piece elbow, take  $\frac{1}{3}$  measurement for 5 piece. For 18 piece elbow, take  $\frac{1}{3}$  measurement for 6 piece. For 16 piece elbow, take  $\frac{1}{4}$  measurement for 4 piece. For 20 piece elbow, take  $\frac{1}{4}$  measurement for 5 piece. For 24 piece elbow, take  $\frac{1}{4}$  measurement for 6 piece.

To each measurement, add 3% of an inch for the extra seam required.

#### Pipe and Elbow Chart

Elbows of Less than 90 Degrees

For elbows less than 90°, use the following table.

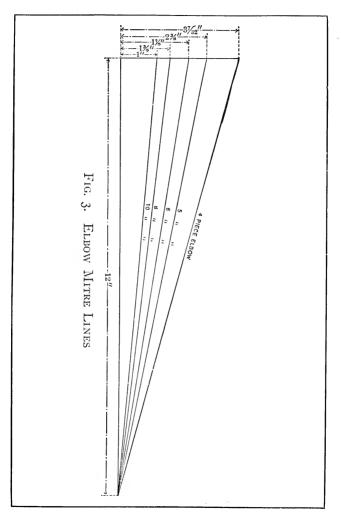
DEGREES	PIECES	SECTIONS
$27^{\circ}$	6	2
33° 75′	5	2
45°	6	3
56° 25'	5	3
63°	6	4
67° 50′	3	2
75°	4	3
7 <sup>8°</sup> 75'	5	4
81°	6	5

Explanation: If an elbow of  $63^{\circ}$  is required, use four sections of six piece of the same radius.

#### Figuring Rise for Elbow

The mitre line table gives the rise for all elbows above mentioned, measuring from the end of a level line 12" long on a line at right angles to it. A diagonal line from the height of the rise to the other end of the 12" level line will be the required mitre line. (Fig. 3.) Rise for 4 piece elbow.....  $3 7/3^2$ 2 3/8 Rise for 5 piece elbow..... Rise for 6 piece elbow..... 1 7/8 1 3/8 Rise for 8 piece elbow..... Rise for 10 piece elbow..... T Rise for 12 piece elbow..... 13/16 Rise for 15 piece elbow..... 10/32Rise for 16 piece elbow..... 1/2Rise for 18 piece elbow..... 15/32 Rise for 20 piece elbow..... 14/3227/64 Rise for 24 piece elbow.....

# Elbows



Example: Required, an elbow of 6 pieces, 90 degrees, 12" in diameter and with a 12" radius of 20

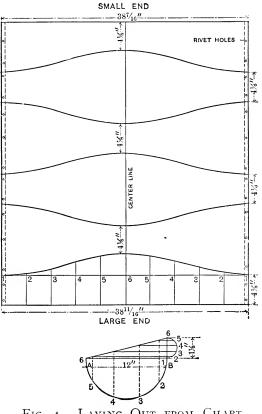


FIG. 4. LAYING OUT FROM CHART

gauge iron. First draw, as in Fig. 4, a level line 12" long at the end of which draw a perpendicular line

#### Elbows

17/8" long, as given in the table; from the end of this line, draw a diagonal line to the other end of the level line, continuing this line upward indefinitely, if the elbow is of a larger diameter. Draw a half circle equal to the diameter of the pipe below the level line, using the center of the level line as a radius point, or drawing a half circle equal to the rise at the end of the mitre line, as shown, making the distance from A to B equal to the diameter of the elbow. Divide either of these circles into any number of equal parts, numbering them as shown. From these points, draw lines to the mitre line. It will be noticed that both of these methods give the same result with respect to the intersection of the mitre line. Now lay off on a piece of iron a line equal to the circumference of a 12" pipe, or 38 11/16, also marking a center point and draw line through these points indefinitely. Mark off the distance for the length of throat, as given in the table, 41/8" on both sides, and draw a line connecting these points. Space this line into twice as many spaces as the half circle was spaced, numbering these as shown; then draw lines from these points, as shown. Next, transfer the distance from the level line to the points of intersection on the mitre line to the corresponding numbered lines of the pattern, and a line traced through these points will give the correct cut. By cutting this pattern and using it as a template, the other patterns can be marked out very quickly, care being taken to keep the throat measurement  $4\frac{1}{8}$ , as shown. Rivet holes can be marked and punched before the elbow is cut; also the deduction for the small end should be made, as, in this case, 17/64 of an inch.

The reason for laying out the circumference from the chart instead of using the spacing of the half circle is, that the pipe would be made according to the chart, while the stretchout of the spacing would vary, and not coincide with the chart.

				<u></u>				_	
Diameter		Ga	uge		Biameter		Ga	uge	
Diar	26	24	22	20	Biar	26	24	22	20
1	.312	.398	. 185	.571	34	8.139	10,385	12.631	14.877
2	.549	.701	.852	1.004	35	8.376	10.687	12.998	15.311
3	.786	1.003	1.220	1.437	36	8,613	10.989	13.366	15.745
-1	1.023	1.306	1.588	1.871	37	8.850	11.291	13.734	16.179
5	1.260	1.608	1.956	2,304	38	9.087	11.593	14.102	16.613
6	1.497	1.911	2.324	2.837	- 39	9.325	11.805	14.470	17.047
7	1.735	2.211	2.693	3.172	40	9,562	12.197	14.838	17.481
8	1.973	2.527	3.061	3.605	41	9.799	12,499	15.206	17.915
9	2.200	2.819	3.429	1.059	12	10.036	12.801	15.574	18.349
10	2.446	3.122	3.797	4,472	43	10.273	13,103	15.942	18.783
11	2.684	3,421	4,165	4.905	44	10.510	13.405	16.310	19.217
12	2,921	3.727	4.552	5.339	45	10.747	13.707	16.678	19.651
13	3.158	4.030	4.901	5.773	16	10.981	14.009	17.046	20.085
14	3,395	4.332	5.268	6.207	-17	11.221	14.311	17.414	20.519
15	3.633	4.635	5.637	6.649	18	11.459	14.613	17.782	20,953
13	3.870	4.937	6.005	7.073	49	11.697	14.915	18.150	21.387
17	4.107	5.229	6.373	7.507	50	11.934	15.217	18.518	21.821
18	4.344	5.542	6.711	7.940	51	12.171	15.519	18.886	22.255
19	4.581	5.846	7.110	8,375	52	12,408	15.821	19.254	22.689
20	4.818	6.116	7.480	8.808	53	12.645	16.123	19.622	23,123
21	5.055	6,451	7.816	9.241	54	12.883	16.425	19.990	23.557
22	5,292	6,753	8.214	9.675	55	13.120	16.727	20.358	23.991
23	5.529	7.056	8.581	10.108	56	13.357	17.029	20.726	24,425
24	5,766	7.358	8,959	10.541	57	13.594	17.331	21.084	24.859
25	6.003	7.660	9.317	10.975	58	13.831	17.633	21.462	25,293
26	6.340	7.963	9.683	11.400	59	14.068	17.935	21.830	25.727
27	6.577	8.264	10.054	11.843	60	14.305	18.237	22.198	26.161
28	6.814	8.566	10.422	12.276	61	14.502	18,539	22.566	26.595
29	7.051	8.838	10.780	12.700	62	14.779	18.841	22.934	27.029
30	7.288	9.171	11.158	13,143	63	15.016	19.143	23.302	27.463
31	7.525	9.473	11.526	13.576	64	15.253	19.445	23.670	27.897
32	7.762	9.775	11.895	14.011	65	15.490	19.747	24.038	28.331
33	7.999	10.078	12.263	14.444	66	15.727	20.049	24.406	28.765

Round Galvanized Pipe Weight per Lineal Foot

## Weights of Elbows and Ducts

DD one-half the diameter of the elbow to the radius and find the length of throat required for this size of elbow, which will represent the length of a line through the center of the elbow; multiply the length by the number of pieces in the elbow, which will give the length equal to a straight pipe, and find the weight per lineal foot in the pipe table.

Example: Required, the weight of a 6-piece elbow, 12" diameter, 12" radius, No. 20 gauge iron: 6 + 12 =18. Length of throat for an 18 inch radius elbow is 6.1. Then,  $6.1 \times 6 = 36.6$  in.— 3.3% ft., at 5.339 (weight of one foot 12" No. 20 pipe) lb. per foot of length, the elbow weighs 16 lb.

	Veight per Squ	uare Foot	
Number U. S. Standard Gauge	Thickness	Weight of Galvanized Iron	Weight of Black Iron
10	9-64	5.781	5.625
11	1-8	5.156	5.00
12	7-64	4.531	4.375
13	3-32	3.906	3.75
14	5-64	3.281	3.125
15	9-128	2,969	2.8125
16	1-16	2.656	2.5
17	9-160	2.406	2.25
18	1-20	2.156	2.0
19	7-160	1.906	1.75
20	3-80	1.656	1.50
21	11-320	1.531	1.375
22	1-32	1.403	1.25
23	9-360	1.281	1.125
24	1-40	1.153	1.00
25	7-320	1.031	.875
26	3 - 160	.9062	.75
27	11-640	.8437	.6875
28	1-64	.7812	.625

Black and Galvanized Sheets

#### Galvanized Iron Ducts

Weight per Lineal Foot

EXPLANATION: -Find the sum of the four sides; refer to the table for the corresponding number in inches column; to the right will be found the weight.
 EXAMPLE: -Find the weight of duct 26"×56" of No. 24 gauge. 26"+26"+56"=164".
 164"=17.32 lbs.

80	=164". 16	54" = 17.32	103.	0					
hei		Gauge		he		Gauge			
Inches	26	24	22	Inches	26	24	22		
2	.25	.28	.35	102	8.00	10.21	12.36		
4	.38	.48	.59	104	8.15	10.41	12.60		
6	.53	.67	.83	106	8.30	10.61	12.87		
8	.68	.86	1.07	108	8.45	10.81	13.11		
10	.83	1.06	1.31	110	8.60	11.00	13.35		
12	.98	1.26	1.55	112	8.75	11.20	13.59		
14	1.13	1.48	1.79	114	8.90	11.40	13.83		
16	1.28	1.64	2.02	116	9.05	11.50	14.07		
18	1.43	1.85	2.26	118	9.20	11.72	14.31		
20	1.59	2.03	2.50	120	9.36	11.90	14.55		
22	1.74	2.22	2.73	122	9.51	12.10	14.78		
24	1.89	2.41	2.97	124	9.66	12.27	15.02		
26	2.04	2.61	3.21	126	9.81	12.47	15.26		
28	2.19	2.80	3.45	128	9.96	12.65	15.50		
30	2.34	2.99	3.69	130	10.11	12.85	15.74		
32	2.49	3.18	3.92	132	10.26	13.00	15.98		
34	2.64	3.37	4.21	134	10.41	13.20	16.21		
36	2.79	3,66	4.45	136	10.56	13.40	16, 45		
38	2,94	3.86	4.69	138	10.71	13.68	16.69		
40	3.10	4.05	4.92	140	10.87	13.86	16.92		
42	3.25	4.24	5.16	142	11.85	15.12	18.37		
44	3.40	4.43	5.40	144	12.00	15.32	18.61		
46	3.55	4.63	5.64	146	12.15	15.52	18.85		
48	3.70	4.82	5.88	148	12.30	15.72	19.09		
$\tilde{50}$	3.85	5.01	6.12	150	12.45	15.92	19.32		
52	4.00	5.21	6.35	152	12.60	16.12	19.56		
54	4.15	5.40	6.59	154	12.75	16.32	19.80		
56	4.30	5,59	6.83	156	12.90	16.52	20.04		
58	4.45	5,78	7.07	158	13.06	16.72	20.28		
60	4.60	5.97	7.31	160	13.21	16.92	20.51		
62	4.75	6.17	7.55	162	13.36	17.12	20.75		
64	4.90	6.36	7.79	164	13.51	17.32	20.99		
66	5.05	6.55	8.02	166	13.89	17.71	21.52		
68	5.21	6.75	8.30	168	14.04	17.91	21.76		
70	5.51	6,93	8.54	170	14.19	18.11	22.00		
72	5.66	7.03	8.78	172	14.34	18.31	22.24		
74	5.81	7.23	9.02	174	14.49	18.51	22.48		
76	5.96	7.43	9.26	176	14.64	18.71	22.72		
78	6.11	7.62	9.50	178	14.79	18.91	22.96		
80	6.26	7.82	9.73	180	14.94	19.11	23.20		
82	6.41	8.12	9.97	182	15.10	19.31	23,43		
84	6.56	8.31	10.21	184	15.25	19.51	23.67		
86	6.71	8.51	10.45	186	15,40	19.75	23,90		
88	6.86	8.70	10.69	188	15.55	19.90	24.15		
90	7.01	8.90	10.93	190	15.70	20.09	24.39		
92	7.16	9.10	11.17	192	15.85	20.29	24.62		
94	7.31	9.30	11.41	194	16.00	20.48	24.86		
96	7.46	9.50	11.63	196	16.15	20.67	25.10		
98	7.61	9.70	11.89	198	16.30	20.86	25.34		
100	7.84	10.01	12.12	200	16.68	21.28	25.85		

NOTE :- I" lap is allowed for joints up to 140", 3" lap for all others.

#### Weights of Elbows and Ducts

Galvanized Iron Ducts Weight per Lineal Foot

		Gauge		pe pe		Gauge	
Inches	24	22	20	Inches	24	22	20
202	21.57	26.14	30.7	302	31.9	38.9	45.8
204	21.66	26.38	31.0	304	32.1	39.2	46.0
206	21.86	26.62	31.3	303	32.3	39.4	46.2
208	22.05	26.86	31.6	308	32.5	39.6	46.6
210	22.24	27.10	31.8	310	32.7	39.9	46.9
212	22.43	27.34	32.1	312	32.9	40.1	47.1
$214 \\ 216$	22.63 22.82	27.58	32.4	314	33.1	40.4	47.4
		27.82	32.7	316	33.3	40.6	47.7
$218 \\ 220$	23.01	28.06	33.0	318	33.5	40.8	48.0
220	$23.20 \\ 23.40$	$28.30 \\ 28.51$	33.2 33.5	320 322	33.7	41.1	48.3
222	23.40	28.51	33.8	322	$33.9 \\ 34.1$	$41.3 \\ 41.6$	48.6
226	23.80	29.02	34.1	326	34.3	41.0	48.9
228	24.00	29.26	34.4	328	34.5	41.8	49.1
230	24.00	29.50	34.7	330	34.7	42.0	$49.4 \\ 49.7$
232	24.40	29.74	35.3	332	35.1	42.5	50.2
234	24.80	30.00	35.6	334	35.3	43.0	50.2
236	25.04	30.24	35.9	336	35.5	43.2	50.7
238	25.24	30.48	36.2	338	35.7	43.5	51.0
240	25.44	30.72	36.5	340	35.9	43.7	51.3
242	25.64	30.96	36.8	342	36.1	44.0	51.6
244	25.84	31.20	37.1	314	36.3	44.2	51.9
246	26.05	31.44	37.4	346	36.5	44.5	52.1
248	26.25	31.68	37.7	348	36.7	44.7	52.4
250	26,45	31.92	38.0	350	36.8	44.9	52.7
252	26.65	32.11	38.3	352	37.1	45.2	53.0
254	26.85	32.40	38.6	354	37.3	45.4	53.2
256	27.06	32.64	38.9	356	37.5	45.7	53.5
258	27.26	32.88	39.2	358	37.7	45.9	53.8
260	27.46	33.12	39.5	360	37.9	46.1	54.1
262	27.66	33.36	39.8	362	38.1	46.4	54.4
264	28.02	33.60	40.1	364	38.5	46.9	55.2
266	28.22	31.22	40.4	366	38.7	47.1	55.5
268	28.42	34.46	40.8	368	38.9	47.4	55.7
270	28.62	34.70	41.0	370	39.1	47.6	56.0
272	28.82	34.94	41.3	372	39.3	47.8	56.3
274	29.02	35.18	41.6	374	39.5	48.1	56.6
276	29.23	35.43	41.9	376	39.7	48.3	56.9
278	29.43	35.66	42.2	378	39.9	48.6	57.2
280	29.63	35.90	42.5	380	40.1	48.8	57.4
282	29.83	36.14	42.8	382	40.3	49.1	57.7
284	30.04	36.38	43.0	384	40.5	49.3	58.0
286	30.24	36.62	43.3	383	40.7	49.5	58.3
288	30.44	36.86	43.6	388	40.9	49.8	58.6
290	30.64	37.10	43.9	390	41.1	50.0	58.9
292 294	30.84	37.34	44.1	392	41.3	50.2	59.2
294 296	31.05	37.58	44.4	394	41.5	50.5	59.4
295 298	31.25	37.82	44.6	396	41.7	51.0	59.7
300	$31.49 \\ 31.69$	$38.44 \\ 38.68$	45.2	398 400	$\frac{41.9}{42.1}$	51.2 51.5	$     60.3 \\     60.6 $

NOTE :- 1" lap is allowed for joints up to 140", 3" lap for all others.

Galvanized	Iron Ducts
Weight per	Lincal Foot

nes		Gauge		Jes		Gauge	
Inches	22	20	18	Inches	22	20	18
402	51.7	60.9	79.2	452	57.9	68.0	88.7
404	51.9	61.2	79.5	454	58.1	68.3	8).0
406	52.1	61.4	79.9	456	58.4	68.6	8).4
408	52.4	61.2	80.2	458	58.6	68.9	8).8
410	52.6	62.0	80.3	460	58.9	69.2	90.1
412	52.9	62.3	81.0	462	50.1	69.4	90.5
414	53.1	62.6	81.3	464	59.6	69.7	91.4
416	53.3	62.8	81.7	466	59.8	70.2	91.7
418	53.6	63.1	82.0	468	60.1	70.5	92.1
420	53.8	63.4	82.4	470	60.3	70.8	92.5
422	54.1	63.7	82.8	472	60.6	71.0	92.8
424	51.3	64.0	83.1	474	60.8	71.3	93.2
426	54.5	64.3	83.4	476	61.0	71.6	93.5
428	54.8	64.6	83.8	478	61.3	71.9	93.9
430	55.3	64.9	81.7	480	61.5	72.2	94.3
432	55.5	65.3	85.1	482	61.8	72.4	94.6
434	55.7	65.6	85.4	484	62.0	72.7	95.0
436	56.0	65.8	85.8	485	62.2	73.0	95.3
438	56.2	66.1	86.2	488	62.5	73.3	95.7
440	56.5	66.4	86.5	490	62.7	73.6	96.1
442	56.7	66.6	83.9	492	63.0	73.9	95.4
444	56.9	66.9	87.2	494	63.2	74.2	93.8
446	57.2	67.2	87.6	496	63.4	74.5	97.1
448	57.4	67.5	88.0	408	61.0	74.8	98.0
450	57.7	67.9	88.3	500	64.3	75.0	98.4

# Size of Conductor Pipes

31/2	in.	Through,	up	to	12	ft.	long;	use	2-in.	Conductor	Pipe
31/2	in.	Through,	12	to	25	ft.	long;	use	3-in.	Conductor	Pipe
4	in.	Through,	25	to	35	ft.	long;	use	3-in.	Conductor	Pipe
5	in.	Through,	35	to	45	ft.	long;	use	4-in.	Conductor	Pipe
6	in.	Through,	45	to	55	ft.	long;	use	5-in.	Conductor	Pipe
7	in.	Through,	55	to	65	ft.	long;	use	6-in.	Conductor	Pipe
8	in.	Through,	65	to	75	ft.	long;	use	7-in.	Conductor	Pipe

Revolutions of Fan Wheel of Given Diameter Necessary to Maintain a Given Pressure Over an Area Which is Within the Capacity of the Fan

Diameter of Fan	r		Pr	essui	re, ir	ı Ou	nces	per	Squa	are I	nch		
Wheel, in Feet	1⁄8	1⁄4	3⁄8	1/2	5%	3⁄4	7/8	1	11/8	11/4	1%	11/2	1¾
1	582	823	1,007	1,163	1,300	1,423	1,537	1,643	1,742	1,836	1,925	2,010	2,170
11/4	466	658	806	930	1.040	1,139	1,230	1,314	1,394	1,469	1,540	1,608	1,736
$1\frac{1}{2}$	388	549	672	775	867	949	1,025	1,095	1,162	1,224	1,284	1,340	1,447
$1\frac{3}{4}$	333	470	<b>57</b> 8	665	743	813	878	938	906	1,049	1,100	1,149	1,240
2	291	411	504	582	650	712	769	822	871	918	963	1,005	1,085
$2\frac{1}{4}$	259	365	$^{448}$	517	578	633	683	730	774	816	856	893	964
$2\frac{1}{2}$	233	329	403	465	520	570	615	657	697	734	770	804	838
23/4	212	300	366	423	473	518	559	597	634	668	700	731	780
3	194	274	333	388	433	475	513	548	581	612	642	670	723
$3\frac{1}{2}$	166	235	288	332	372	407	439	469	498	525	550	574	620
4	146	206	252	291	325	353	384	411	436	459	481	502	543
41/2	129	183	224	258	280	316	342	365	387	408	428	447	482
5	116	164	202	232	260	285	308	329	349	367	385	402	434
$5\frac{1}{2}$	103	149	183	211	236	259	280	299	317	334	350	366	395
6	97	137	168	194	217	238	256	274	290	306	321	335	362
61 <u>/2</u>	90	126	155	179	200	219	236	253	268	282	296	309	334
7	83	117	144	166	186	203	220	235	249	262	275	287	310
$7\frac{1}{2}$	78	110	135	155	173	190	204	219	232	245	257	268	289
8	73	103	126	146	163	178	192	205	218	230	241	251	271
81/2	69	97	119	137	153	167	181	194	205	216	226	236	255
9	65	92	112	129	144	158	171	183	194	204	214	223	241
$9\frac{1}{2}$	61	87	106	123	137	149	162	173	183	193	203	212	228
10	58	82	101	116	130	142	154	164	174	184	193	201	217
11	53	75	92	106	118	129	140	150	158	167	175	183	197
12	49	69	84	97	108	119	128	137	145	153	160	168	181
13	45	63	78	90	100	110	116	126	130	141	148	155	167
14	42	59	72	83	93	102	110	117	124	131	138	144	155
15	39	55	67	78	87	95	102	110	116	122	128	134	145

#### Pipe and Elbow Chart

Flue Area Required for the Passage of a Given Volume of Air at a Given Velocity

Volume in			VE	LOC	CITY	Y IN	FE	ET	PER	. мі	NUT	ΓE		
Cubic Feet per Minute	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600
100	48	36	29	24	21	18	16	14	13	12	11	10	9.6	9.0
125	60	45	36	30	26	23	20	18	16	15	14	13	12.0	11.3
150	72	54	$^{43}$	36	31	27	$^{24}$	22	20	18	16	15	14.4	13.5
175	84	63	50	42	36	32	$^{28}$	25	23	21	19	18	16.8	15.8
200	96	72	58	48	41	36	32	29	26	24	22	21	19.2	18.0
225	108	81	65	54	46	41	36	- 32	29	27	25		21.6	
250	120	- 90	72	60	51	45	40	<b>3</b> 6	- 33	- 30	28	26	24.0	22.5
275	132	- 90	79	66	57	50	44	-40	- 36	- 33	30	28	26.4	24.8
300	144	108	86	72	62	54	48	43	39	36	33	31	28.8	27.0
325	<b>15</b> ປ	117	- 94	78	67	- 59	52	47	43	- 39	36	- 33	31.2	29.3
350	168	126	101	84	72	63	56	50	46	42	- 39	- 36	33.6	31.5
375	180	135	108	90	77	68	60	54	-49	45	42	39	36.0	33.8
400	192	144	115	96	82	72	64	58	52	48	44	41	38.4	36. <b>0</b>
425	204	153	122	102	87	77	68	61	56	51	47	44	40.8	38.3
450	216	162	130	108	- 93	81	72	65	- 59	54	50	46	43.2	40.5
475	228	171	137	114	-98	86	76	68	62	57	53	49	45.6	42.8
500	240	180	144	120	103	90	80	72	65	60	55	51	48.0	45.0
525	252	180	151	126	108	95	84	76	69	63	58	54	50.4	47.3
550	264	198	158	132	113	99	88	79	72	66	61	57	52.8	49.5
575	276	207	166	138	118	104	92	83	75	69	64	- 59	55.2	51.8
600	288	216	173	144	123	108	96	86	79	72	66	62	57.6	54.0
625	300	225	180	150	129	113	100	90	82	75	69	64	60.0	56.3
650	312	234	187	156	134	117	104	94	85	78	72	67	62.4	58.5
675	324	243	194	162	139	122	108	97	- 88	81	75	69	64.8	60.8
700	336	252	202	168	144	126	112	101	92	84	78	72	67.2	63.0
725	348	261	209	174	149	131	116	104	95	87	80	75	69.6	65.3
750	360	270	216	180	154	135	120	108	- 98	90	83	77	72.0	67.5
775	372	279	223	186	159	140	124	112	101	93	86	80	74.4	69.8
800	384	288	230	192	165	144	128	115	105	96	89	82	76.8	72.0
825	396	297	238	198	170	149	132	119	108	- 99	91	85	79.2	74.3
850	408	306	245	204	175	153	136	122	111	102	94	87	81.6	76.5
875	420	315	252	210	180	158	140	126	115	105	97	- 90	\$1.0	78.8
900	432	324	259	216	185	162	144	130	118	108	100	93	86.4	81.0
925	444	333	266	222	190	167	148	133	121	111	103	95	\$8.8	83.3
950	456	342	274	228	195	171	152	137	124	114	105	98	91.2	85.5
975	468	351	281	234	201	176	156	140	128	117	108	100	93.6	87.8
1000	480	360	288	240	206	180	160	144	131	120	111	103	96.0	90.0

VELOCITY IN FEET PER MINUTE Volume in Cubic Feet per Minute 1700 1800 1900 2000 2100 2200 2300 2400 2600 2700 2800 2900 3000 3100 8 5 8 7.6 7.2 6.9 6.6 6.3 6.0 5.5 5.3 5.1 5.0 4.8 4.6 100 125 10.610 9.5 9.0 8.6 8.2 7.8 7.5 6.9 6.7 6.4 6.2 6.0 5.8 11.4 10.8 10.3 9.8 9.4 9.0 8.0 12 7 12 8.0 7.7 7.5 7.2 7.0 150 13.3 12.6 12.0 11.5 11.0 10.5 9.7 9.3 9.0 8.7 8.4 8.1 175 14.8 14 200 16.9 16 15, 2 14, 4 13, 7 13, 1 12, 5 12, 0 11, 1 10, 7 10, 3 9, 9 9, 6 9, 3 225 19.1 18 17.1|16.2|15.6|14.7|14.1|13.5|12.5|12.0|11.6|11.2|10.8|10.4250 21.2 20 19.018.017.116.415.715.013.913.312.912.412.011.621.819.818.918.017.216.515.214.714.113.713.212.8275 23 3 22 25.4 22.7 21.6 20.6 19.6 18.8 18.0 16.6 16.0 15.4 14.9 14.4 13.9 300 24 325 27.52624.623.422.321.320.619.518.017.316.716.115.615.126.5 25.2 24.0 22.9 21.9 21.0 19.4 18.7 18.0 17.4 16.8 16.3 350 29.628 375 31.8 28,427,025,724,523,522,520,820,019,318,618,017,4 30 30.3 28.8 27.4 26.2 25.0 24.0 22.2 21.3 20.6 19.8 19.2 18.6 400 33.9 32 425 36.0 34 32.2 30.6 29.1 27.8 26.6 25.5 23.5 22.7 21.9 21.1 20.4 19.7 450 38.136 34.1 32.4 30.9 29.5 28.2 27.0 24.9 24.0 23.1 22.3 21.6 20.9 475 40.2  $36.0\,34.2\,32.6\,31.1\,29.7\,28.5\,26.3\,25.3\,24.4\,23.6\,22.8\,22.1$ 38 500 42.4 37.9 36.0 34.3 32.7 31.3 30.0 27.7 26.7 25.7 24.8 24.0 23.2 40 39.8 37.8 36.0 34.4 32.9 31.5 29.1 28.0 26.9 25.0 25.2 24.4 525 44.5 4246.641.7 38.6 37.7 36.0 34.4 33.0 30.5 29.3 28.3 27.3 26.4 25.5 550 44 575 48.743.6 41.4 39.4 37.6 36.0 34.5 31.9 30.7 29.6 28.5 27.6 26.7 46 600 50.8 48 45.5 43.2 41.1 39.3 37.6 36.0 33.2 32.0 30.8 29.8 28.8 27.8 625 52.9 50 47.4 45.0 42.9 40.9 39.1 37.5 34.6 33.3 32.1 31.0 30.0 29.0 650 55.1 52 49.3 46.8 44.6 42.5 40.7 39.0 36.0 34.7 33.4 32.2 31.2 30.2 675 57.2 54 51.248.646.344.142.340.537.536.034.733.532.431.3700 59.3 56 53.1 50.4 48.0 45.8 43.6 42.0 38.8 37.3 36.0 34.7 33.6 32.5 725 61.458 55.0 52.2 49.7 47.4 45.4 43.5 40.2 38.7 37.3 36.0 34.8 33.6 63.5 60 56.9 54.0 51.4 49.1 47.0 45.0 41.5 40.0 38.6 37.2 36.0 34.8 750 775 65.6 62 58.8 56.3 53.1 50.7 48.5 46.5 42.9 41.3 39.9 38.5 37.2 36.0 800 67.8 64 60.6 57.6 54.9 52.4 50.1 48.0 44.3 42.7 41.2 39.7 38.4 37.1 825 69.9 66 62.559.456.654.051.749.545.744.042.440.939.638.3850 72.0 $64.4\ 61.2\ 58.4\ 55.6\ 53.2\ 51.0\ 47.1\ 45.3\ 43.7\ 42.2\ 40.8\ 39.4$ 68 875 74.0 70  $67.3\ 63.0\ 60.0\ 57.3\ 54.8\ 52.5\ 48.5\ 46.7\ 45.0\ 43.4\ 42.0\ 40.6$ 900 76.2 72 68.2 64.8 61.7 58.9 56.3 54.0 49.9 48.0 46.3 44.6 43.2 41.8 925 78.474 70.1 66.6 63.4 60.5 57.9 55.5 51.3 49.3 47.6 46.0 44.4 42.9 950 80.572.0 68.4 65.1 62.2 59.5 57.0 52.6 50.7 48.8 47.1 45.6 44.1 76 975 82.673.9 70.2 66.8 63.8 61.0 58.5 54.0 52.0 50.2 48.4 46.8 45.3 78 1000 84.7 80 75.8 72.0 68.7 66.0 62.6 60.0 55.4 53.3 51.4 49.6 48.0 46.4

Flue Area Required for the Passage of a Given Volume of Air at a Given Velocity

#### Pipe and Elbow Chart

Number of Square Inches of Flue Area Required per 1,000 Cubic Feet of Contents for Given Velocity and Air Change

No. Minutes		Velo	city	of A	Air i	n F	lue i	in F	eet	per	Min	ute	
to Change Air	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500
4	120.0	90.0	72.0	60.0	51.6	45.0	40.0	36.0	32.2	30.0	27.6	25.6	21.4
5	96.0	72.2	57.6	48.0	<b>i</b> 1.1	36.1	32.0	28.8	26.2	24.0	22.2	20.5	19.2
6	80.0	60.0	48.0	40.0	34.3	30.0	26.6	24.0	21.8	20.0	18.5	17.1	16.0
7	68.6	51.4	41.1	34.3	29.4	25.7	22.9	20.6	18.7	17.2	15.7	14.7	13.7
8	60.0	45.0	36.0	30.0	25.8	22.5	20.0	18.0	16.1	15.0	13.8	12.8	12.0
9	53.3	40_0	32.0	26.6	22.9	20.0	17.8	16.0	14.5	13.3	12.3	11.4	10.7
10	48.0	36.0	28.8	24.0	20.6	18.9	16.0	14.4	13.1	12.0	11.1	10.3	9.6
11	43.6	32.2	26.2	21.8	18.7	16.1	14.5	13.1	11.9	10.9	10.1	9.5	8.7
12	40.0	30.0	24.0	20.0	17.2	15.0	13.3	12.0	10.9	10.0	9.2	8.6	8.0
13	36.9	27.7	22.2	18.5	15.7	13.8	12.3	11.1	10.1	9.2	8.5	7.9	7.4
14	34.3	25.7	20.6	17.2	14.7	12.8	11.4	10.3	9.5	8.6	7.9	7.4	6.9
15	32.0	24.0	19.2	16.0	13.7	12.0	10.7	9.6	8.7	8.0	7.4	6.9	6.4
16	30.0	22.5	18.0	15.0	12.9	11.2	10.0	9.0	8.2	7.5	6.9	6.4	6.0
17	28.2	21.2	16.9	14.1	12.1	10.6	9.4	8.5	7.7	7.0	6.5	6.1	5.6
18	26.6	20.0	16.0	13.3	!1.5	10.0	8.9	8.0	7.3	6.6	6.2	5.7	5.3
19	25.3	18.9	15.2	12.6	10.8	9.5	8.4	7.6	6.9	6.3	5.8	5.4	5.1
20	24.0	18.0	14.4	12.0	10.3	9.9	8.0	7.2	6.5	6.0	5.5	5.1	4.8

To facilitate calculation of flue areas for different requirements in heating, ventilation and the general movement of air, the table above and that upon the two succeeding pages have been prepared. The former is to be employed when in a ventilating system the area of the flue is to be based upon the time required to change the air within the room and upon the permissible velocity in the flue. The latter table indicates the flue area necessary for the passage of a predetermined volume of air at stated velocity. Values for volumes below 100 or above 1,000 cubic feet may be readily determined from the latter table by reading for the multiple of the given volume, and then pointing off the requisite number of places. Thus, if a volume of 8,750 cubic feet of air is required to pass through a flue at a velocity of 900 feet per minute, the cross sectional area of that flue must be 1,400 square inches.

#### Weights of Elbows and Ducts

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	0.0042
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	0.0110
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	0.0279
	0.0338
	0.0403
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$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.0361
2,600 7.511 0.0290 3.756 0.0581 2.504 0.0871 1.877 0.1162 1.502 0	0.0880
	0.1142
	0.1452
2,800 8.711 0.0363 4.356 0.0726 2.904 0.1088 2.178 0.1451 1.742 0	0.1814
	0.2231
	0.2708
	0.3247
	0.3855
	0.4534
	0.5288
	0.6121
	0.7038
	0.9138
	1.1618
6.000 20.000 0.7139 13.333 1.0710 10.000 1.4278 8.000 1	1.4510

Pressure and Horse-Power Required to Compensate for the Friction of Air Passing through Pipes

### Pipe and Elbow Chart '

Pressure and Horse-Power Required to Compensate for the Friction of Air Passing through Pipes—Continued

L				DIAI	мете	ROF	PIPE			
f Air inute	6-i	nch	7-i	nch	8-i	nch	9-i	nch	10-	inch
Velocity of Air in Feet per Minute	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction
100	0.002	0.0000	0.002	0.0000	0.001	0.0000	0.001	0.0000	0.001	0.0000
200	0.007	0.0001	0.003	0.0001	0.008	0.0001	0.005	0.0001	0.004	0.0001
300	0.017	0.0003	0.014	0.0003	0.012	0.0004	0.011	0.0004	0.010	0.0004
400	0.030	0.0006	0.025	0.0007	0.022	0.0008	0.020	0.0000	0.018	0.0011
500	0.046	0.0012	0.040	0.0014	0.035	0.0017	0.031	0.0019	0.028	0.0021
600	0.067	0.0021	0.057	0.0025	0.050	0,0029	0.044	0.0032	0.010	0.0036
700	0.091	0.0034	0.078	0.0040	0.068	0.0045	0.060	0.0051	0.054	0.0057
800	0.119	0.0051	0.102	0.0059	0.089	0.0067	0.079	0.00~6	0.071	0.0085
900	0.150	0.0072	0.129	0.0084	0.112	0.0096	0.100	0.0108	0.000	0.0120
1,000	0.185	0.0099	0.159	0.0116	0.139	0.0132	0.123	0.0148	0.111	0.0165
1,100	0.224	0.0132	0.192	0.0154	0.168	0.0176	0.149	0.0198	0.134	0.0220
1,200	0.267	0.0171	0.229	0.0200	0,200	0.0230	0.178	0.0256	0.160	0.0283
1,300	0.313	0.0218	0.268	0.0254	0.235	0.0290	0.209	0.0327	0.188	0.0363
1,400	0.363	0.0272	0.311	0.0317	0.282	0.0363	0.242	0.0408	0.218	0.0453
1,500	0.417	0.0335	0.357	0.0390	0.312	0.0446	0.278	0.0502	0.250	0.0558
1,600	0.474	0.0406	0.406	0.0473	0.356	0.0541	0.316	0.0303	0.284	0.0677
1,700	0.535	0.0487	0.459	0.0568	0.401	0.0649	0.357	0.0731	0.321	0.0812
1,800	0.600	0.0578	0.514	0.0374	0.450	0.0771	0.400	0.0837	0.360	0.0964
1,900	0.669	0,0680	0.573	0.0793	0.501	0.0907	0.446	0.1020	0.401	0.1133
2,000	0.741	0.0793	0.635	0.0325	0.556	0.1058	0.493	0.1190	0.444	0.1322
2,200	0.896	0.1161	0.683	0.1232	0.672	0.1408	0.597	0.1583	0.538	0.1760
2,400	1.067	0.1371	0.914	0.1600	0.800	0.1728	0.711	0.2055	0.640	0.2284
2,600	1.252	0.1743	1.073	0.2033	0.939	0.2324	0.835	0.2614	0.751	0.2904
2,800	1.452	0.2177	1.244	0.2539	1.089	0.2902	0.968	0.3265	0.871	0.3628
3,000	1.667	0.2677	1.429	0.3123	1.250	0.3569	1.111	0.4016	1.000	0.4462
3,200	1.896	0.3249	1.625	0.3790	1.422	0.4332	1.263	0.4873	1.138	0.5415
3,400	2.141	0.3897	1.835	0.4546	1.606	0.5237	1.427	0.5845	1.284	0.6495
3,600	2.400	0.4626	2.057	0.5397	1.800	0.6168	1.600	0.7039	1.440	0.7710
3,800	2.674	0.5441	2.292	0.6347	2.006	0.7254	1.783	0.8171	1.604	0.9038
4,000	2,963	0.6346	2.540	0.7403	2.222	0.8461	1.975	0.9518	1.778	1.0576
4,200	3,267	0.7346	2.800	0.8570	2.450	0.9794	2.178	1.1019	1.960	1.2243
4,400	3,569	0.8446	3.059	0.9854	2.676	1.1261	2.379	1.2669	2.141	1.4077
4,800	4.267	1.0964	3.657	1.2793	3.200	1,4620	2.844	1.6448	2.530	1.8275
5,200	5.007	1.3941	4.292	1.6265	3,756	1.8588	3,339	2.0912	3.004	2.3236
5,600	5.807	1.7412	4.978	2.0314	4.356	2,3216	3.872	2.6118	3.484	2.9021
6,000	6.667	2.1416	5.714	2.4986	5.000	2.8555	4.444	3.2125	4.000	3.5694

### Weights of Elbows and Ducts

Pressure and Horse-Power Required to Compensate for the Friction of Air Passing through Pipes—Continued

1 2	1			DIA	мете	R OF	PIPE	2		
of Air Minute	28-	-inch	30-	-inch	32-	-inch	36-	inch	40-	inch
Velocity of in Feet per Mi	Loss of Press. in oz. Der so. in	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in. H. P. lost in Friction		Loss of Press. in oz. Der sg. in.	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sa. in.		Loss of Press. in oz. per sg. in	H. P. lost in Friction
100	0.000		0.000		0.000		0.000		0.000	0.0001
200	0.002	0.0004	0.001	0.0094	0.001		0.001	0.0005	0.001	0.0005
300	0.004	0.0012	0.003		0.003	0.0014	0.003	0.0016	0.002	0.0018
400	0.003	0.0030	0.006	0.0032	0.006	0.0034	0.005	0.0038	0.004	0.0042
500	0.010	0.0058	0.009		0.009		0.008	0.0074	0.007	0.0083
600	0.014	0.0100	0.013		0.012	0.0114	0.011	0.0128	0.010	0.0143
700	0.019	0.0159	0.018	0.0170	0.017	0.0181	0.015	0.0204	0.014	0.0227
800	0.025	0.0237	0.024	0.0254	0.022	0.0271	0.020	0.0305	0.018	0.0339
900	0.032	0.0337	0.030	0.0361	0.028	0.0385	0.025	0.0434	0.022	0.0482
1,000	0.040	0.0463	0.037	0.0496	0.035	0.0539	0.031	0.0595	0.028	0.0661
1,100	0.048	0.0316	0.045	0.0630	0.042	0.0704	0.035	0.0792	0.034	0.0880
1,200	0.057	0.0800	0.053	0.0857	0.050	0.0914	0.044	0.1024	0.040	0.1142
1,300	0.067	0.1017	0.063	0.1089	0.058	0.1162	0.052	0.1307	0.047	0.1452
1,400	0.078	0.1270	0.073	0.1360	0.068	0.1451	0.060	0.1632	0.054	0.1814
1,500	0.089	0.1562	0.083	0.1673	0.078	0.1785	0.069	0.2008	0.062	0.2231
1,600	0.102	0.1895	0.095	0.2031	0.080	0.2166	0.079	0.2437	0.071	0.2707
1,700	0.115	0.2273	0.107	0.2436	0.103	0.2598	0.089	0.2923	0.080	0.3247
1,800	0.129	0.2702	0.120	0.2891	0.112	0.3084	0.100	0.3469	0.090	0.3855
1,900	0.143	0.3174	0.134	0.3401	0.125	0.3627	0.111	0.4080	0.103	0.4534
2,000	0.159	0.3702	0.148	0.3966	0.139	0.4230	0.123	0.4759	0.111	0.5288
2,200	0.192	0.4927	0.179	0.5279	0.168	0.5631	0.149	0.6334	0.134	0.7038
2,400	0.239	0.6396	0.213	0.6855	0.200	0.6910	0.178	0.8224	0.160	0.9138
2,600	0.268	0.8132	0.250	0.8714	0.234	0.9294	0.209	1.0456	0.188	1.1618
2,800	0.311	1.0157	0.290	1.0884	0.272	1.1608	0.242	1.3059	0.218	1.4510
3,000	0.357	1.2490	0.333	1.3388	0.312	1.4280	0.278	1.6062	0.250	1.7847
3,200	0.406	1.5162	0.379	1.6246	0.356	1.7328	0.316	1.9494	0.284	2.1660
3,400	0.459	1.8186	0.428	1.9487	0.413	2.0950	0.357	2.3382	0.321	2.5980
3,600	0.514	2.1620	0.480	2.3132	0.450	2.4671	0.400	2.8156	0.360	3.0840
3,800	0.573	2.5389	0.535	2.7206	0.501	2.9016	0.446	3.2683	0.401	3.6270
4,000	0.635	2.9613	0.593	3.1731	0.556	3.3843	0.494	3.8074	0.444	4.2304
4,200	0.700	3.4281	0.653	3.6729	0.612	3.9178	0.544	4.4075	0.490	4.8972
4,400	0.768	3.9415	0.717	4.2234	0.672	4.5045	0.595	5.0676	0.535	5.6307
4,800	0.914	5.1171	0.853	5.4836	0.800	5.8481	0.711	6.5791	0.640	7.3101
5,200	1.073	6.5059	1.011	6.9713	0.935	7.4354	0.835	8.3648	0.751	9.2942
5,600	1.244	8.1258	1.161	8.7070	1.080	9.2866	0.968	10.4474	0.871	11.6082
6,000	1.429	9.9918	1.333	10.7100	1.250	11.4221	1.111	12.8498	1.000	4.2776

#### Pipe and Elbow Chart

L 0				DIAN	IETER	OF	PIPE			
f Air linute	44-i	nch	48-i	nch	52-i	nch	56-i	nch	60-i	nch
Velocity of Air in Feet per Minute	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction
100	0.000	0.0001	0.000	0.0001	0.000	0.0001	0.000	0.0001	0.000	0.0001
200	0.001	0.0003	0.001	0.0006	0.001	0,0007	0.001	0.0007	0.001	0.0008
300	0.002	0.0020	0.002	0.0021	0.002	0.0023	0.002	0.0025	0.002	0.0027
400	0.001	0.0047	0.004	0.0051	0.003	0.0055	0.003	0.0059	0.003	0.0053
500	0.003	0.0001	0.006	0.0039	0.005	0.0107	0.005	0.0116	0.005	0.0124
600	0.000	0.0157	0.008	0.0171	0.098	0.0183	0.007	0.0200	0.007	0.0214
700	0.012	0.0249	0.011	0.0272	0.010	0.0295	0.010	0.0317	0.000	0.0340
800	0.016	0.0372	0.015	0.0403	0.014	0.0440	0.013	0.0474	0.012	0.0508
900	0.020	0.0530	0.019	0.0578	0.017	0.0626	0.016	0.0375	0.015	0.0723
1,000	0.025	0.0727	0.023	0.0793	0.021	0.0859	0.020	0.0925	0.019	0.0001
1,100	0.030	0.0938	0.028	0.1055	0.026	0.1144	0.024	0.1232	0.022	0.1320
1,200	0.036	0.1253	0.033	0.1371	0.031	0.1485	0.029	0.1599	0.027	0.1713
1,300	0.043	0.1597	0.039	0.1746	0.036	0.1888	0.034	0.2033	0.031	0.2178
1,400	0.049	0.1995	0.045	0.2177	0.042	0.2360	0.039	0.2539	0.033	0.2721
1,500	0.057	0.2451	0.052	0.2677	9.048	0.2900	0.045	0.3123	0.042	0.3346
1,600	0.069	0.2938	0.059	0.3249	0.055	0.3520	0.051	0.3790	0.047	0.4031
1,700	0.073	0.3572	0.037	0.3807	0.032	0.4220	0.057	0.4546		0.4871
1.800	0.082	0.4240	0.075	0.4623	0.069	0.5011	0.064	0.5406		0.5782
1,900	0.091	0.4987	0.084	0.5440	0.077	0.5890		0.6347		0.6800
2,000	0.101	0.5817	0.093	0.6346	0.085	0.6874		0.7403	1	0.7332
2,200	0.122	0.7742	0.112	0.8146	0.103	0.9150	1	0.9854	0.090	1.1607
2,400	0.145	1.0051	0.133	1.0965	0.123	1.1879		1.2793		1.3706
2,600	0.171	1.2779	0.153	1,3941	0.144	1.5103		1.6265	4	1.7427
2,800	0.198	1.5961	0.181	1.7412	0.168	1.8834		2.0314		2.1765
3,000	0.227	1.9532	0.208	2.1416	0.192	2,3201		2.4979		2.6771
3,200	0.259	2.3826		2.5002	0.219	2.8157		3.0324		3.2489
3,400	0.292	2.8578		3.1176	0.247	3.3764		3.6372	1	3.8070
3.600	0.327	3.3024	1	3.7007	0.279	4.0091	0.257 0.287	4.3239		4.6259
3,800	0.365	3.98.)7		4.3484	0.309	4.7519		5.0779		$5.4406 \\ 6.3453$
4,000	0.401	4.6934	0.370	5.0765	0.342 0.377	5.4995 6.3664		6.8561	0.296	6.3455 7.3458
4,200	0.445	5.4669 6.1937		5.8767 6.7568	0.414	7.3193		7.8829	1	8,4460
4,400	0.487	8.0411	0.446	8.7722	0.414	9.5032		10.2342	1	10,9642
$4,800 \\ 5,200$	0.582	1		8.1122 11.1530		12.0824	1	13.0119	1	13.9413
	0.033			13.9300		15.0007		16.2515		17.4123
5,600	1	15.7054		17.1331		18.5609	1	19.9835		21.4164
6,000	1.0.905	15.7054	0.033	11.1931	0.109	19,0000	1 0.714	10.0000	1.0.001	l∻r.4104

Pressure and Horse-Power Required to Compensate for the Friction of Air Passing through Pipes—Continued

# Weights of Elbows and Ducts

Pressure and	Horse-Power	Required	to Compensate	for	the
Friction	of Air Passin	g through	Pipes-Continue	d	

L 0				DIAN	1ETER	OF	PIPE			
Air inute	11-i	nch	12-i	nch	13-i	nch	14-i	nch	16-	inch
Velocity of Air in Fect per Minute	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in. H. P. lost in Friction		Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in. H. P. lost in Friction		Loss of – Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction
100	0.001	0.0000	0.001	0.0000	0.001	0.0000	0.001	0.0000	0.001	0.0000
200	0.004	0.0001	0.004	0.0002	0.003	0.0002	0.003	0.0002	0.003	0.0002
300	0.009	0.0005	0.008	0.0005	0.008	0.0006	0.007	0.0006	0.006	0.0007
400	0.016	0.0012	0.015	0.0013	0.014	0.0014	0.013	0.0015	0.011	0.0017
500	0.025	0.0023	0.023	0.0025	0.021	0.0027	0.020	0.0029	0.017	0.0033
600	0.036	0.0039	0.033	0.0043	0.031	0.0046	0.029	0.0050	0.025	0.0057
700	0.049	0.0062	0.045	0.0068	0.041	0.0074	0.039	0.0079	0.034	0.0091
800	0.064	0.0093	0.059	0.0102	0.055	0.0109	0.051	0.0118	0.044	0.0135
900	0.081	0.0132	0.075	0.0145	0.069	0.0157	0.064	0.0169	0.056	0.0193
1,000	0.101	0.0182	0.092	0.0198	0.085	0.0215	0.079	0.0231	0.069	0.0264
1,100	0.122	0.0242	0.112	0.0264	0.103	0.0286	0.096	0.0308	0.081	0.0352
1,200	0.145	0.0314	0.133	0.0343	0.123	0.0371	0.114	0.0400	0.100	0.0457
1,300	0.170	0.0399	0.156	0.0137	0.144	0.0472	0.134	0.0508	0.117	0.0581
1,400	0.198	0.0499	0.181	0.0544	0.167	0.0589	0.156	0.0635	0.136	0.0726
1,500	0.227	0.0613	0.208	0.0669	0.192	0.0725	0.179	0.0781	0.156	0.0892
1,600	0.259	0.0735	0.237	0.0812	0.219	0.0880	0.203	0.0348	0.178	0.1083
1,700	0.292	0.0803	0.268	0.0974	0.247	0.1055	0.229	0.1137	0.207	0.1299
1,800	0.327	0.1060	0.300	0.1156	0.278	0.1253	0.257	0.1351	0.225	0.1542
1,900	0.365	0.1247	0.334	0.1360	0.308	0.1472	0.287	0.1587	0.251	0.1814
2,000	0.404	0.1454	0.370	0.1583	0.341	0.1719	0.317	0.1851	0.278	0.2115
2,200	0.489	0.1936	0.448	0.2111	0.413	0.2287	0.384	0.2463	0.336	0.2815
2,400	0.582	0.2513	0.533	0.2741	0.492	0.2970	0.457	0.3198	0.400	0.3455
2,600	0.683	0.3195	0.626	0.3485	0.578	0.3776	0.537	0.4063	0.468	0.4647
2,800	0.792	0.3990	0.726	0.4353	0.670	0.4716	0.622	0.5079	0.544	0.5804
3,000	0.909	0.4908	0.833	0.5354	0.769	0.5800	0.714	0.6245	0.625	0.7140
3,200	1.034	0.5956	0.948	0.6498	0.875	0.7039	0.813	0.7581	0.711	0.8364
3,400	1.168	0.7144	1.070	0.7794	0.988	0.8441	0.917	0.9003	0.827	1.0475
3,600	1.300	0.8481	1.200	0.9252	1.114	1.0023	1.029	1.0800	0.900	1.2335
3,800	1.459	0.9974	1.337	1.0871	1.234	1.1880	1.146	1.2695	1.003	1.4508
4,000	1.616	1.1734	1.481	1.2691	1.367	1.3749	1.270	1.4807	1.111	1.6922
4,200	1.782	1.3667	1.633	1.4692	1.508	1.5916	1.400	1.7140	1.225	1.9589
4,400	1.946	1.5484	1.784	1.6802	1.655	1.8300	1.537	1.9707	1.344	2.2522
4,800	2.327	2.0103	2.133	2.1930	1.969	2.3758	1.829	2.5585	1.600	2.9241
5,200	2.731	2.5559	2.504	2.7882	2.311	3.0206	2.146	3.2530	1.871	3.7177
5,600	3.168	3.1923	2.904	3.4825	2.680	3.7727	2.48)	4.0629	2.178	4.6433
6,000	3.636	3.9263		4.2833		4.6402	2.857	4.9959	2.500	5.7110

#### Pipe and Elbow Chart

Pressure and Horse-Power Required to Compensate for the Friction of Air Passing through Pipes—Concluded

		·		DIAN	1ETER		PIPE			
Air inute	18-i	nch	20-i	nch	22 -	inch	24-	inch	26-	inch
Velocity of Air in Feet Per Minute	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction	Loss of Press. in oz. per sq. in.	H. P. lost in Friction
100	0.001	0.0000	0.001	0.0000	0.001	0.0000	0.000	0.0000	0.000	0.0000
200	0.002	0.0002	0.002	0.0003	0.002	0.0003	0.002	0.0003	0.002	0.0003
300	0.006	0.0008	0.005	0.0009	0.005	0.0010	0.004	0.0011	0.004	0.0012
400	0.010	0.0019	0.009	0.0021	0.008	0.0023	0.007	0.0025	0.007	0.0027
500	0.016	0.0037	0.014	0.0041	0.013	0.0045	0.012	0.0050	0.011	0.0054
600	0.022	0.0064	0.020	0.0071	0.018	0.0079	0.017	0.0086	0.015	0.0093
700	0.030	0.0102	0.027	0.0113	0.025	0.0125	0.023	0.0136	0.021	0.0147
800	0.040	0.0152	0.036	0.0169	0.032	0.0183	0.029	0.0203	0.027	0.0220
900	0.050	0.0217	0.045	0.0241	0.041	0.0265	0.037	0.0289	0.035	0.0313
1,000	0.062	0.0297	0.056	0.0330	0.051	0.0364	0.046	0.0397	0.043	0.0430
1,100	0.075	0.0396	0.067	0.0440	0.061	0.0484	0.056	0.0528	0.05?	0.0572
1,200	0.089	0.0512	0.080	0.0571	0.073	0.0628	0.037	0.0685	0.032	0.0742
1,300	0.104	0.0654	0.094	0.0726	0.085	0.0799	0.078	0.0873	0.072	0.0344
1,400	0.121	0.0816	0.109	0.0907	0.099	0.0998	0.091	0.1088	0.081	0.1179
1,500	0.139	0.1004	0.125	0.1115	0.114	0.1227	0.104	0.1339	0.096	0.1450
1,600	0.158	0.1218	0.142	0.1354	0.129	0.1469	0.119	0.1624	0.109	0.1760
1.700	0.178	0.1461	0.161	0.1624	0.146	0.1786	0.134	0.1948	0.124	0.2110
1,800	0.200	0.1735	0.180	0.1927	0.164	0.2120	0.150	0.2313	0.139	0.2506
1,900	0.223	0.2040	0.201	0.2267	0.182	0.2494	0.167	0.2720	0.154	0.2945
2,000	0.247	0.2380	0.222	0.2644	0.202	0.2908	0.185	0.3173	0.171	0.3437
2,200	0.299	0.3167	0.269	0.3519	0.244	0.3871	0.224	0.4223	0.207	0.4575
2,400	0.356	0.4112	0.320	0.4569	0.291	0.5026	0.267	0.5483	0.246	0.5939
2,600	0.417	0.5228	0.376	0.5809	0.341	0.6390	0.313	0.6971	0.289	0.7552
2,800	0.484	0.6530	0.436	0.7255	0,396	0.7981	0.363	0.8706	0.335	0.9432
3,000	0.556	0.8031	0.500	0.8923	0.455	0.9816	0.417	1.0708	0.385	1.1601
3,200	0.632	0.9747	0.569	1.0830	0.517	1.1913	0.474	1.2996	0.438	1.4079
3,400	0.714	1.1690	0.642	1.2990	0.584	1.4289	0.535	1.5588	0.494	1.6882
3,600	0.800	1.4078	0.720	1.5420	0.655	1.6962	0.600	1.8504	0.557	2.0046
3,800	0.891	1.6342	0.802	1.8135	0.729	1.9949	0.669	2.1742	0.617	2.3760
4,000	0.988	1.9037	0.889	2.1152	0.808	2.3467	0.741	2.5382	0.684	2.7498
4,200	1.089	2.2037	0.980	2.4486	0.891	2.7335	0.817	2.9383	0.754	3.1832
4,400	1.189	2.5338	1.071	2.8153	0.973	3.0969	0.892	3.3784	0.827	3.6599
4,800	1.422	3.2896	1.280	3.6551	1.164	4.0206	1.067	4.3861	0.985	4.7516
5,200	1.670	4.1824	1.502	4.6471	1.366	5.1118	1.252	5,5765	1.156	6.0412
5,600	1.936	5.2237	1.742	5.8041	1.584	6.3845	1.452	6,9649	1.340	7.5453
6,000	2.222	6.4249	2.000	7.1388	1.818	7.8527	1.667	8.5666	1.538	9.2804

Factor Table for Reducing the IV cight of Galvanized Iron Pipe of any Given Gauge to That of any Other Gauge

		_	Gau	ıge	and	We	igh	t in	Po	und	s p	er S	qua	re l	Foot	:	
Gauge	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Ü	4.53	3.91	3.28	2.97	2.66	2.41	2.16	1.90	1.66	1.53	1.41	1.28	1.16	1.03	0.91	0.84	0.78
12	1.00	0.86	0.72	0.66	0.59	0.53	0.48	0.42	0.37	0.34	0.31	0.28	0.26	0.23	0.20	0.19	0.17
13	1.16	1.00	0.84	0.76	0.68	0.62	0.55	0.49	0.43	0.39	0.36	0.33	0.30	0.26	0.23	0.22	0.20
14	1.38	1.19	1.00	0.91	0.81	0.74	0.65	0.58	0.51	0.47	0.43	0.39	0.35	0.32	0.28	0.26	0.24
15	1.53		1			1										1	1
16	1.70	1.47	1.23	1.11	1.00	0.91	0.81	0.71	0.62	0.58	0.53	0.48	0.44	0.39	0.34	0.32	0.29
17	1.88	1.62	1.36	1.23	1.10	1.00	0.90	0.79	0.69	0.63	0.50	0.53	0.48	0.43	0.38	0.35	0.32
18	2.10	1.81	1.52	1.38	1.23	1.12	1.00	0.83	0.77	0.71	0.65	0.59	0.54	0.48	0.42	0.39	0.36
19	2.38	2.06	1.73	1.56	1.40	1.27	1.14	1.00	0.87	0.81	0.74	0.67	0.61	0.54	0.48	0.44	0.41
20	2.72	2.36	1.98	1.79	1.60	1.45	1.30	1.16	1.00	0.92	0.85	0.77	0.70	0.62	0.55	0.51	0.47
21	2.96	2.56	2.14	1.94	1.74	1.57	1.41	1.24	1.09	1.00	0.92	0.84	0.76	0.67	0.59	0.55	0.51
22	3.21	2.77	2.32	2.10	1.89	1.71	1.53	1.35	1.18	1.08	1.00	0.91	0.82	0.73	0.65	9.60	0.55
23	3.54	3.07	2.56	2.32	2.08	1.88	1.69	1.49	1.30	1.20	1.10	1.00	0.91	0.81	0.71	0.66	0.61
24	3.90	3.37	2.82	2.56	2.29	2.08	1.86	1.61	1.43	1.32	1.22	1.10	1.00	0.89	0.78	0.72	0.67
25	4.40	3.79	3.18	2.88	2.58	2.34	2.10	1.86	1.61	1.49	1.37	1.24	1.12	1.00	0.88	0.82	0.76
26	4.98	4.30	3.60	3.26	2.92	2.65	2.37	2.10	1.82	1.68	1.55	1.41	1.27	1.13	1.00	0.92	0.86
27	5.40	4.66	3.90	3.54	3.17	2.87	2.57	2.28	1.96	1.82	1.68	1.52	1.38	1.23	1.08	1.00	0.93
28	5.81	5.01	4.20	3.80	3.41	3.09	2.77	2.45	2.13	1.96	1.81	1.64	1.49	1.32	1.17	1.08	1.00

The table above serves for the estimation of weights of pipe of other gauges than those given in the preceding table. Thus, suppose it is desired to find the weight of 28-inch pipe made of No. 16 gauge. As indicated in the preceding table, pipe of this size made of No. 22 gauge weighs 11.4 pounds per running foot. By the table above, the figure found at the junction of the column headed **16** and the line designated **22** is 1.89; therefore, the weight per foot of No. 16 gauge is 11.4  $\times$  1.89 = 21.55 pounds.

Equalization of Pipe Diameters
1. 1
to the area of one large main duct.
ump represent the diameters of the within the boots the
hand vertical column are the diam-
eters of the main nines. The small
figures show the number of small
pipes that each main duct will $\overline{\Sigma_{\text{cond}}^{\text{cond}}}$
teon 10 inch pines: Refer
to column having 10 at
the top; follow down to
small figure 16, thence and here and here the the second
line of the holdface Triffing agains fritting out to a so
inch main will Eaver 2012 212 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22
ISIDDIV all 101
pipes. $\mathbf{e}_{11}^{\text{circle}} \approx \mathbf{e}_{22}^{\text{circle}} \approx \mathbf{e}_{22}^{\text{circle}}$
<b>7</b> <b>7</b> <b>5</b> <b>5</b> <b>5</b> <b>5</b> <b>5</b> <b>5</b> <b>5</b> <b>5</b>
1140 1138 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
<b>711 711</b>
<b>3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3</b>
$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\$
111105 1111
3338 333333 3358 3255 254 3198 19 19 19 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

## Weights of Elbows and Ducts

Area and Circumference of Circles

Diameter Inches	ARE	EA	CIRC FERI	CUM- ENCE	Diameter Inches	ARE	A		CUM- ENCE
Dian Inc	Square Inches	Sq. Feet	Inches	Ft. & Dec.	Diar Inc	Square Inches	Sq. Feet	Inches	Ft. & Dec.
1	.7854	.0054	3.1416	.2618	51	2043.	14.19	160.2	13.35
23	3.1410	.0218	6.2832	.5236	52	2124.	14.75	163.4	13.61
	7.0680	.0491	9.4248	.7854	53	2206.	15.32	166.5	13.88
4	12.5660	.0873	12.5664	1.047	54	2290.	15.90	169.6	14.14
5	19.6350	.1364	15.708	1.309	55	2376.	16.50	172.8	14.40
6	28.2740	.1964	18.8496	1.571	56	2463.	17.10	175.9	14.66
7	38,4840	.2673	21.9911	1.833	57	2552.	17.72	179.0	14.92
8	50.2650	.3491	25.1327	2.094	58	2642.	18.35	182.2	15.18
9 10	63.617	.4418	28.2743	2.356	59	2734.	18.99	185.3	$15.45 \\ 15.71$
1	78.540	.5454	31.4159	2.618	60	2827.	19.63	188.5	
11	95.033	.6600	34.5575	2.880	61	2922.	20.29	191.6 194.8	$15.97 \\ 16.23$
$\frac{12}{13}$	113.097 132.732	$.7854 \\ .9218$	$37.6991 \\ 40.8407$	$3.142 \\ 3.403$	62 63	3019. 3117.	20.97 21.65	194.8	$16.25 \\ 16.49$
14	152.752	1.069	43.9823	3.665	64 64	3217.	22.34	201.1	16.49 16.76
15	176.715	1.005 1.227	47.1239	3.927	65	3318.	23.04	204.2	17.02
16	201.062	1.396	50.2655	4.189	66	3421.	23.76	207.3	17.28
17	226.980	1.550 1.576	53,4071	4.451	67	3526.	24.48	210.5	17.54
18	254.469	1.767	56.5487	4.712	68	3632.	25.22	213.6	17.80
19	283.529	1.969	59.6903	4.974	69	3739.	25.97	216.8	18.06
20	314.160	2.182	62.8319	5.236	70	3848.	26.73	219.9	18.33
21	346.361	2.405	65.9734	5.498	71	3959.	27.49	223.1	18,59
22	380.133	2.640	69.1150	5.760	72	4072.	28.27	226.2	18.85
23	415,476	2.885	72.2566	6.021	73	4185.	29.07	229.3	19.11
24	452,290	3.142	75.3982	6.283	74	4301.	29.87	232.5	19.37
25	490.875	3.409	78.5398	6.545	75	4418.	30.68	235.6	19.63
26	530,930	3.687	81.6814	6.807	76	4536.	31.50	238.8	19.90
27	572.556	3.976	84.8230	7.069	77	4657.	32.34	241.9	20.16
28	615.753	4.276	87.9646	7.330	78	4778.	33.18	245.0	20.42
29	660.521	4.587	91.1062	7.592	79	4002.	34.04	248.2	20.68
30	706.860	4.909	94.2478	7.854	80	5027.	34.91	251.3	20.94
31	754.769	5.241	97.3894	8.116	81	5153.	35.78	254.5	21.21
32	804.249	5.585	100.5312	8.378	82	5281.	36.67	257.6	21.47
- 33	855.300	5.940	103.6730	8.639	83	5411.	37.57	260.8	21.73
34	907.922	6.305	106.8140	8.901	84	5542.	38.48	263.9	21.99
35	962.115	6.681	109,9560	9.163	85	5675.	39.41	267.0	22.25
36	1017.870	7.069	113.0970	9.425	86	5809.	40.34	270.2	22.51
37	1075.210	7.467	116.2390	9.686	87	5945.	41.28	273.3	22.78
38 39	1134.120	7.876	119.3810	9.948	88	6082.	42.24	276.5	23.04
40	$1194.590 \\ 1256.640$	8.296 8.727	122.5220 125.6640		89 90	6221.	43.20	279.6	23.30
	1					6362.	44.18	282.7	23.56
41	1320.250	9.168	128.8050		91	6504.	45.17	285.9	23.82
42 43	1385.440	$9.621 \\ 10.084$	$131.9470 \\ 135.0880$		92 93	6648. 6793.	46.16	289.0 292.2	24.09 24.35
44	$1452.200 \\ 1520.530$	10.084	138.2300		95	6940.	48.19	292.2	24.61
45	1520.330	11.044	141.3720		95	7088.	49.22	298.5	24.87
46	1661.900	11.534	144.5130		96	7238.	50.27	301.6	25.13
40	1734.940	11.554 12.048	144.5150		97	7390.	51.32	301.0	25.39
48	1809.560	12.048 12.566	150.7960		98	7543.	52.38	307.9	25.66
49	1885.740	13.095	153.9380		99	7698.	53.46	311.0	25.92
50	1963.500	13.635	157.0800		1 100	7855.	54.54	314.2	26.18

Diameter Pipe Diameter Pipe Diameter Pipe Diameter Pipe in Inches Upper Cylinder Lower Cylinder Side Cylinder
0-10 0-10
+ 1

**charge** pipe should be equal in area to main suction pipe. The above sizes of pipes will give excellent results where average length of pipe is not over twenty feet. For longer pipes, every additional twenty feet should have an additional increase of 10 per cent. In area of pipe.

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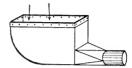
### Pipe and Elbow Chart

Hoods for Wood-Working Machines, etc.



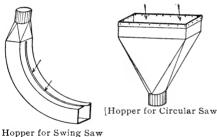


Jointer Hood



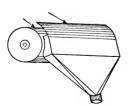
Resaw Hopper

Hood for Emery Wheel

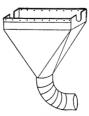




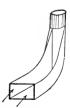
Floor Sweep-up



Hood for Sand Drum

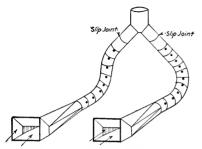


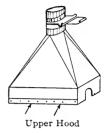
Lower Matcher Hood



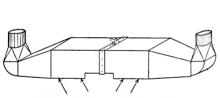
Sticker Hood

Hoods for Wood-Working Machines, etc.





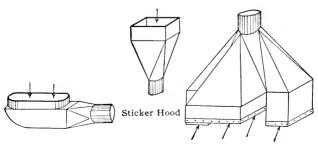
Shaper Hoods with Flexible Pipe



Matcher Hoods for Top and Sides



Sticker Hood



Hood for Berlin Sander

Matcher Hood for Top and Sides

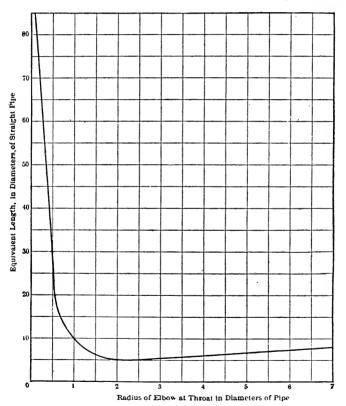
## Weights of Elbows and Ducts

Flue	and	Register	Dimensions
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SIZE FL			E OF STER	SIZI FL	E OF UE		E OF STER	SIZE		SIZE	C OF STER
Depth	Width	Width	Height	Depth	Width	Width	Height	Depth	Width	Width	Height
6	6	6	9	10	20	20	16	14	12	12	24
6	8	8	10	10	22	22	16	14	14	14	22
6	10	10	10	10	24	24	16	14	16	16	22
6	12	12	9	10	28	28	16	14	18	18	21
6	14	14	9	10	30	30	16	14	20	20	22
6	16	16	9					14	22	22	22
				12	8	8	18	14	24	24	22
8	6	6	12	12	10	10	18	14	26	26	22
8	8	8	12	12	12	12	18	14	28	28	22
8	10	10	12	12	14	14	18	14	30	30	22
8	12	12	12	12	16	16	18	14	36	36	22
8	14	14	12	12	18	18	18				
8	16	16	12	12	20	20	20	16	10	10	24
8	18	18	12	12	22	22	20	16	12	12	24
8	20	20	12	12	24	24	18	16	14	14	24
8	22	22	14	12	26	26	20	16	16	16	24
8	24	24	12	12	28	28	20	16	18	18	24
				12	30	30	18	16	20 22	20	24
9	9	9	11	12	36	36	18	16 16	22	22 24	24 24
9	10	10	14				20	16	30	30	24
9	12	12	14	13	9	9	20 20	16	30	30	24
9	14	14	14	13	12	12		16	36	36	24
9	16	16	14	13 13	14 16	14 15	20 20	10	- 50	00	2±
9	18	18	14	13	10	15	20	18	12	12	30
9	20	20	14	13	20	20	20	18	14	14	22
9	22	22	14	13	20	20	20	18	16	16	28
9	24	24	16	13	24	24	20	18	18	18	27
10	8	8	16	13	26	26	20	18	20	20	28
10	8 10	8 10	16 16	13	28	28	20	18	22	22	28
10	10	10	10	13	30	30	20	18	24	24	27
10	12	12	16	13	36	36	20	18	28	28	28
10	14	16	16	10		50	~0	18	30	30	28
10	18	18	16	14	10	10	24	18	36	36	28

## Friction Effect of Elbows

THE effect of air friction through elbows in a ventilating system has considerable to do with its successful operation. No elbow should have a throat radius less than twice the diameter of the ducts in a 90 degree turn. The accompanying diagram



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illustrates the relation between the radius of the elbow and the equivalent length of the straight ducts which that type of elbow represents. For example: An elbow of which the radius of the throat is equal to the diameter of the duct, is equivalent to a straight pipe of a length equal to ten times the diameter of the duct. With a 90 degree elbow, with a square heel or throat, the equivalent length is equal to that of a straight pipe 87 times the diameter of the duct. Too much stress cannot be placed upon this rule in the laying out of round or rectangular elbows.

## Carrying Capacities of Round and Rectangular Air Pipes

THE relative carrying capacity of air pipes carrying heated air, as influenced by the shape of the air pipe, was discussed at some length at one of the lectures before a class in heating conducted by James A. Donnelly, at the Harlem Branch of the Y. M. C. A., New York. Mr. Donnelly has expanded his talk on this detail since that time and supplied the information given below, accompanied by a chart.

He considers that the relative carrying capacity of round and rectangular section pipes may be very closely estimated on the basis of formulas of the flow of fluids through pipes. He therefore goes to the Weisbach formula, which, he explains, states that the comparative carrying capacity for various forms or shapes of pipes is proportional to an expression which is the product of the area and the square root of the quotient of the area divided by the perimeter of the pipe. The perimeter is, of course, the distance around the pipe. If the pipes to be compared are all to have the same area then the carrying capacity of pipes of equal area, but of different shape, is proportional to the quotient of the square root of the perimeter divided by the perimeter.

To apply the foregoing, four different shape pipes have been considered, each with an area of 144 sq. in. A circle with a diameter of 13.54 in. has an area of 144 sq. in. Similarly a square duct 12 in. on a side has this area, also a rectangular duct  $6 \ge 24$  and one  $4 \ge 36$ in. The perimeter—that is, the circumference—of the

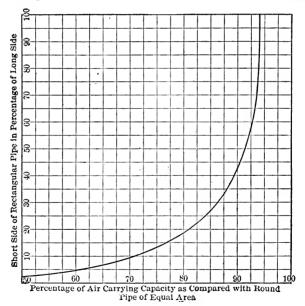
40

circle is equal to about 42.6 in., and the square root of 42.6 is equal to 6.52. Then 6.52, divided by 42.6, is equal to 0.153. The perimeter of the square pipe is 48; the square root of 48 is 6.93, and 6.93 divided by 48 is equal to 0.144. If we are to compare the carrying capacity of the different pipes with the circular pipe, we find that the relative carrying capacity of the square pipe, as compared with the round, is as 0.144 is to 0.153, or 0.94 to 1. This means that if the carrying capacity of the round pipe is regarded as 100 per cent., a square pipe of the same area, on account of its greater perimeter and the greater resistance which this interposes to the flow of air, passes only 04 per cent. as much air as will pass through the round pipe, all other conditions, such as temperature and pressure causing flow, being the same.

The perimeter of a 6 x 24-in. duct is 60 in., and the square root of 60 divided by 60 is 0.129. Similarly the perimeter of a 4 x 36-in. pipe is 80 and the square root of 80 divided by 80 is equal to 0.112. Therefore the carrying capacity of a 6 x 24-in. pipe, as compared with a circular pipe of the same area, is as 0.129 is to 0.153 or 84 per cent., and the relative carrying capacity of the 4 x 36-in. pipe is equal to  $0.112 \div 0.53 = 0.73$ , or 73 per cent.

On the basis of these figures a curved line may be drawn as shown in the accompanying chart. The horizontal lines indicate the percentage which the small dimension of a rectangular pipe bears to the large dimension, while the vertical lines correspond to the percentage of capacity for carrying the air which the pipe has, as compared with the circular pipe of the same area.

With the square pipe the two sides are equal and thus the small dimension is equal to 100 per cent. of the large dimension. We find on the 100 per cent. line that the carrying capacity is 94 per cent., as already shown. In the case of a  $6 \times 24$ -in. pipe, the short dimension is one-quarter and therefore 25 per cent. of the larger dimension, and we find that the curve shows



that the carrying capacity is 84 per cent., as has also already been stated, of the equal size round pipe. Similarly an  $8 \ge 18$ -in. pipe, which would have an area of

144 sq. in., has its shortest side equal to 44.4 per cent. of the longer side. Opposite to a line corresponding to 44 per cent. we find that the curve crosses a vertical line corresponding to about 90 per cent., showing that the  $8 \times 18$ -in. has 90 per cent. of the carrying capacity of an equal size round pipe.

Again, suppose the air pipe is  $3^{1/2} \times 41.2$ . This would have an area of about 144 sq. in. In this case the shorter side is 81/2 per cent. of the longer side and the curve shows that the pipe has a carrying capacity no greater than 60 per cent. of an equal size round pipe. When it is remembered that pipes in these shallow constructions are oftentimes much reduced in area through carelessness in installation and through the pressure which they have to bear from plaster forced against them, some idea of the importance of the shape of the pipe is indicated. Comparing the  $3\frac{1}{2} \times 41.2$ -in. pipe with, say, a 6 x 24-in. pipe, we find that their relative carrying capacities are 69 and 84 per cent., so that the shallower pipe, while having 60 per cent. of the carrying capacity of the round pipe, has about 82 per cent. of the carrying capacity of the 6 x 24-in, pipe.

The chart shows that there is no material falling off in the capacity of the pipes until the smaller dimension of the rectangular pipe falls somewhat below 50 per cent. of the larger dimension. Then the reduction in capacity is very marked.

Mr. Donnelly did not attempt to apply the formula for forms of pipe of the so-called oval in section, such as the flat pipes with rounded ends. He thinks that the results would vary but slightly from those shown, as the perimeter of a flat pipe  $6 \ge 24$  in. is 60 in., while the perimeter of a 6-in. width pipe with 3-in. radius round ends would be about 57.4 in.

The foregoing tends to elucidate an important factor in the proportioning of systems of gravity heating, like the furnace system. It is common to use round pipes from the furnace to the wall pipes. If the wall pipes are given a proper size, then it is advantageous to have the round pipes somewhat larger. Unfortunately, many systems are designed with respect to the round pipe leaving the furnace and then some convenient size rectangular pipe is used, generally not larger than the round pipe. The foregoing shows that the square pipe has not the same carrying capacity as the round pipe, so that if the round pipe is of the minimum size, the rectangular wall pipe should be somewhat larger in cross sectional area.

STEEL SHEETS           Weights per Square Foot. Thickness by Amer (Brown & Sharpe's) Gauge           No. of Gauge         Thickness in Iron Inches         Iron         Steel           0000         .46         18.46         18.70           0000         .46         18.46         18.77           000         .4096         16.44         14.83           0         .3249         13.04         13.21           1         .2893         11.61         11.76           2         .2576         10.34         10.48           3         .2294         9.21         9.33           4         .2043         8.20         8.31           5         .1819         7.30         7.44           6         .1620         6.50         6.55           7         .1443         5.79         5.87	
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7 .1443 5.79 5.87	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
11 .0907 3.64 3.69	
12 .0808 3.24 3.29	
<b>13</b> .0720 2.89 2.93	
14 .0641 2.57 2.61	
15 .0571 2.29 2.32	
16 .0508 2.04 2.07	
17 .0453 1.82 1.84	
18 .0403 1.62 1.64	
19 .0359 1.44 1.46	
20 .0320 1.28 1.30	
21 .0285 1.14 1.16	
22 .0253 1.02 1.03	
23 .0226 .906 .91	
24 .0201 .807 .81	
25 .0179 .718 .72	
26 .0159 .640 .64	
27 .0142 .570 .57	7
28 .0126 .507 .51	4
29 .0113 .452 .45	8
30 .0100 .402 .40	8
31 .0089 .358 .36	
32 .0080 .319 .32	
33 .0071 .284 .28	
34 .0063 .253 .25	
35 .0056 .225 .22	8

As there are many gauges in use differing from each other, and even the thickness of a certain specified gauge, as the Birmingham, is not assumed the same by all manufacturers, orders for sheets and wire should always state the weight per square foot, or the thickness in thousandths of an inch

WEIGHT	rs ani	D DIM			ANDA	RD AN	IGLES
Dimen- sions	Thick- ness	Weight per Foot	Area of Section	Dimen- sions	Thick- ness	Weight per Foot	Area of Section
Inches	Inches	Lbs.	Sq. Ins.	Inches	Inches	Lbs.	Sq. Ins.
$\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} &$	No. $\frac{q_{32}}{q_{32}}$	$\begin{array}{c} .3\\ .4\\ .4\\ .5\\ .5\\ .6\\ .9\\ .5\\ .7\\ 1.0\\ .6\\ .8\\ 1.2\\ 1.5\\ .9\\ 1.3\\ 1.1\\ 1.5\\ .9\\ 1.3\\ 1.1\\ 1.5\\ .2.0\\ 2.4\\ .92\\ 1.3\\ 1.8\\ .24\\ 2.9\end{array}$		$\begin{array}{c} 2 & x \\ 2 & x \\$		$\begin{array}{c} 1.7\\ 2.5\\ 3.2\\ 4.7\\ 5.3\\ 1.9\\ 2.8\\ 3.7\\ 4.5\\ 5.3\\ 6.1\\ 6.8\\ 2.1\\ 3.1\\ 4.1\\ 5.0\\ 6.8\\ 7.7\\ 2.3\\ 3.4\\ 4.5\\ 5.6\\ 6.6\\ 8.5\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}$
$1\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ $1\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3.4 1.4 2.2 2.8 3.4 4.0 4.6 tandard 4		3 x3 3 x3 3 x3 3 x3 3 x3 3 x3 3 x3 7 y only by	$ \frac{\frac{1}{8}}{\frac{3}{16}} \frac{\frac{3}{16}}{\frac{3}{16}} \frac{\frac{5}{16}}{\frac{3}{8}} \frac{7}{16} \frac{1}{16} $ inch.	2.53.74.96.17.28.3	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.44 \\       1.78 \\       2.11 \\       2.44     \end{array} $

### STEEL ANGLES

## WEIGHTS AND DIMENSIONS OF STANDARD ANGLES

### EQUAL LEGS—Continued

Dimen- sions	Thick- ness	Weight per Foot	Area of Section	Dimen- sions	Thick- ness	Weight per Foot	Area of Section
Inches	Inches	Lbs.	Sq. Ins.	Inches	Inches	Lbs.	Sq. Ins.
$\begin{array}{c} 3 & x & 3 \\ 3 & 3 & x & 3 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 & 3$	가가 이는 것이 가지 않는 것이 있는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 않는 것이 없 않는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없다. 않는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없 않는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 않 않는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 않는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 않는 것이 않는 것이 없다. 것이 않는 것이 없다. 것이 않는 것이 없다. 것이 않는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 않는 것이 없다. 것이 않는 것이 않 않는 것이 않는 것 않 것 않는 것 않는 것 않는 것 않는 것 않는 것 않는 것	$\begin{array}{c} 9.4\\ 10.4\\ 11.5\\ 5.8\\ 7.2\\ 8.5\\ 9.8\\ 11.1\\ 12.4\\ 13.6\\ 14.8\\ 16.0\\ 17.1\\ 6.6\\ 8.2\\ 9.8\\ 11.3\\ 12.8\\ 14.3\\ 15.7\\ 17.1\\ 18.5\\ 19.9\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 18.1\\ 12.8\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 1$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.75\\ 3.06\\ 3.36\\ \hline\\ 2.09\\ 2.49\\ 2.88\\ 3.25\\ 3.63\\ 3.99\\ 4.34\\ 4.69\\ 5.03\\ \hline\\ 2.41\\ 2.86\\ 3.31\\ 3.75\\ 4.19\\ 4.62\\ 5.03\\ 5.44\\ 5.84\\ \hline\\ 3.61\\ 4.19\\ 4.75\\ 5.31\\ 5.81\\ 5.84\\ \hline\\ 1.861\\ 4.19\\ 4.75\\ \hline\\ 5.31\\ 5.86\\41\\ \hline\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 5 & x  5 \\ 6 & x  6 \\ 8 & x  8 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} \frac{3}{4} & \frac{3}{16} \\ \frac{1}{50} & \frac{1}{50} \\ \frac{1}{50} & \frac{1}{50} \\ 1 \\ \\ \frac{3}{10} & \frac{9}{16} \\ \frac{1}{50} & \frac{1}{10} \\ \frac{1}{10} & \frac{1}{10} \\ \frac{1}{10} & \frac{1}{50} \\ \frac{1}{10} & \frac{1}{10} \\ \frac{1}{10} & \frac{1}{50} \\ \frac{1}{10} & \frac{1}{10} \\ \frac{1}{10} \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 23.6\\ 25.4\\ 27.2\\ 28.9\\ 30.6\\ 14.9\\ 17.2\\ 19.6\\ 21.9\\ 24.2\\ 26.5\\ 28.7\\ 31.0\\ 33.1\\ 35.3\\ 37.4\\ 26.4\\ 29.6\\ 32.7\\ 35.8\\ 38.9\\ 42.0\\ 45.0\\ 48.1\\ 51.0\\ 54.0\\ 48.1\\ 51.0\\ 56.9\\ 62.7\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & $
	Sta	undard A	ngles vary	y only by T	inch.		1

WEIGHT	rs an	D DIM	ENSION	NGLES IS OF ST L LEGS	ANDA	ARD AN	IGLES
Dimen- sions	Thick- ness	Weight per Foot	Area of Section	Dimen- sions	Thick- ness	Weight per Foot	Area of Section
Inches	Inches	Lbs.	Sq. Ins.	Inches	Inches	Lbs.	Sq. Ins.
$1 \times \frac{5}{8}$ $1 \times \frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{3}{16}$	.6 .9		$2\frac{1}{2} \ge 1\frac{1}{4}$	<u>5</u> 3 2	2.0	
$1 \times \frac{3}{4}$ $1 \times \frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{3}{16}$	.7 1.0		$\begin{array}{c} 2\frac{1}{2} \ge 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \ge 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \ge 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \ge 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 21 = 11 \end{array}$	$     \frac{3}{16}     \frac{1}{4}     \frac{5}{16}     3 $	2.4 3.2 3.9 4.62	.72 .94 1.16 1.36
$     \begin{array}{c}       1\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{8} \\       1\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{8} \\       1\frac{3}{8} \times 1     \end{array} $	$\frac{\frac{1}{8}}{\frac{3}{16}}$	$0.9 \\ 1.3 \\ 1.0$		$2\frac{1}{2} \ge 1\frac{1}{2}$ $2\frac{1}{2} \ge 1\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	2.6	.77
$1\frac{3}{8} \ge 1$ $1\frac{1}{2} \ge 1\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	1.9 1.6		$2\frac{1}{2} \ge 1\frac{3}{4}$ $2\frac{1}{2} \ge 2$	14	3.4 1.86 2.8	1.00 
$\frac{1\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{4}}{1\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{8}}$ $\frac{1\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{8}}{1\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{8}}$	$\frac{\frac{1}{4}}{\frac{3}{16}}$	2.1 1.7 2.2	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	$ \begin{array}{c} 2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 $	$     \frac{3}{16}     \frac{1}{4}     \frac{5}{16}     \frac{3}{8}     \frac{3}{8}     7 $	$3.7 \\ 4.5 \\ 5.3$	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.07 \\       1.31 \\       1.55     \end{array} $
$\begin{array}{c} 1\frac{3}{4} \ge 1\frac{1}{4} \\ 1\frac{3}{4} \ge 1\frac{1}{4} \\ 1\frac{3}{4} \ge 1\frac{1}{4} \\ 1\frac{3}{4} \ge 1\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	$\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{3}{16}$ $\frac{1}{4}$	$1.2 \\ 1.8 \\ 2.3$		$ \begin{array}{c} 2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \\ 3 \times 2 \end{array} $	$\frac{\frac{7}{16}}{\frac{1}{2}}$	6.1 6.8 3.1	1.78 2.00 .91
$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & { m x}1rac{3}{8} \ 2 & { m x}1rac{3}{8} \end{array}$	3 16 1	2.1 2.7	.60 .79	3 x 2 3 x 2 3 x 2 3 x 2 3 x 2	$\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{5}{16}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{7}{16}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 4.1 \\ 5.0 \\ 5.9 \\ 6.8 \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.19 \\       1.47 \\       1.74 \\       2.00 \\       \end{array} $
$\begin{array}{cccc} 2 & x  1\frac{1}{2} \\ 2 & x  1\frac{1}{2} \\ 2 & x  1\frac{1}{2} \\ 2 & x  1\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$ \frac{1}{8} $ $ \frac{3}{16} $ $ \frac{1}{4} $ $ \frac{5}{16} $	$1.43 \\ 2.1 \\ 2.8 \\ 3.4$	$     \begin{array}{r}       .43 \\       .63 \\       .82 \\       1.00     \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c ccc} 3 & x & 2 \\ 3 & x & 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 3 & x & 2\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{3}{16}$ $\frac{1}{4}$	7.7 3.4 4.5	2.25  1.32
$\begin{array}{c} 2\frac{1}{4} \ge 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{4} \ge 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{4} \ge 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{4} \ge 1\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$     \frac{\frac{3}{16}}{\frac{1}{4}}     \frac{1}{5}     \frac{5}{16} $	$2.3 \\ 3.0 \\ 3.7$		$\begin{array}{c cccc} 3 & x & 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 3 & x & 2\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$     \frac{ 5 }{16} \\     \frac{3}{8} \\     \frac{7}{16} \\     \frac{1}{2}      $	$5.6 \\ 6.6 \\ 7.6 \\ 8.5$	$ \begin{array}{c c} 1.63 \\ 1.93 \\ 2.22 \\ 2.50 \\ \end{array} $
$\begin{array}{c} 2\frac{1}{4} \ge 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{4} \ge 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{4} \ge 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{4} \ge 1\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	38 76 12	$     \begin{array}{r}       4.4 \\       5.0 \\       5.6 \\     \end{array} $	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 3 & x & 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 3\frac{1}{4} & x & 1\frac{5}{8} \end{array}$	$\frac{9}{16}$	9.5 3.1	2.78
	S	tandard 4	Angles var	y only by	16 inch.		

WEIGH	STEEL ANGLES WEIGHTS AND DIMENSIONS OF STANDARD ANGLES UNEQUAL LEGS—Continued												
Dimen- sions	Thick- ness	Weight per Foot	Area of Section	Dimen- sions	Thick- ness	Weight per Foot	Area of Section						
Inches	Inches	Lbs.	Sq. Ins.	Inches	Inches	Lbs.	Sq. Ins.						
$\begin{array}{c} 3\frac{1}{4} x 2 2 \\ 2\frac{1}{4} \\ 3\frac{1}{4} x 2 2 \\ 3\frac{1}{4} x 2 \\ 3\frac{1}{4} x 2 \\ 3\frac{1}{4} x 2 \\ 3\frac{1}{4} x 2 \\ 4x 2 \\ 4x 3 \\ 3\frac{1}{4} x 2 \\ 3\frac{1}{4$	14 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	$\begin{array}{c} 4.3\\ 5.3\\ 6.3\\ 7.2\\ 8.1\\ 9.0\\ 5.6\\ 6.6\\ 4.9\\ 6.1\\ 7.2\\ 8.3\\ 9.4\\ 10.4\\ 11.5\\ 12.5\\ 12.5\\ 13.6\\ 6.6\\ 7.9\\ 9.1\\ 10.2\\ 11.4\\ 12.5\\ 13.6\\ 6.2\\ 7.3\\ 5.8\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$	1       1		$\begin{array}{c} 8.5\\ 9.8\\ 11.1\\ 12.4\\ 13.6\\ 14.8\\ 16.0\\ 17.1\\ 10.6\\ 11.9\\ 13.3\\ 14.7\\ 16.0\\ 17.3\\ 18.5\\ 7.7\\ 9.1\\ 10.6\\ 11.9\\ 13.3\\ 14.7\\ 16.0\\ 17.3\\ 18.5\\ 14.3\\ 18.5\\ 8.2\\ 9.8\\ 11.3\\ 12.8\\ 11.3\\ 11.3\\ 12.8\\ 11.3\\ 11.3\\ 11.3\\ 12.8\\ 11.3\\$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,49\\ 2,88\\ 3,25\\ 3,69\\ 4,34\\ 4,69\\ 5,03\\ 5,03\\ 5,03\\ 5,03\\ 5,03\\ 3,91\\ 4,30\\ 4,69\\ 3,50\\ 3,91\\ 4,30\\ 4,69\\ 3,50\\ 3,50\\ 3,50\\ 3,91\\ 4,30\\ 4,69\\ 3,50\\ 3,50\\ 3,50\\ 3,91\\ 4,30\\ 4,69\\ 3,50\\ 3,50\\ 3,91\\ 4,30\\ 4,69\\ 3,31\\ 3,75\\ 4,10\\$						
4 x 3 4 x 3	$\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{5}{16}$	7.2	2.09	5 x 3	$\frac{9}{16}$ $\frac{5}{8}$	$\begin{array}{c} 14.3 \\ 15.7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4.19\\ 4.61 \end{array}$						
	Sta	undard A	ngles vary	y only by	inch.								

WEIGHT		D DIM	ENSION	ANGLES NS OF ST GS—Con			GLES
Dimen- sions	Thick- ness	Weight per Foot	Area of Section	Dimen- sions	Thick- ness	Weight per Foot	Area of Section
Inches	Inches	Lbs.	Sq. Ins.	Inches	Inches	Lbs.	Sq. Ins.
$\begin{array}{c} 5 & \mathbf{x} & 3 \\ 5 & \mathbf{x} & \mathbf{x} & 4 \\ 5 & \mathbf{x} & \mathbf{x} & 4 \\ 5 & \mathbf{x} & \mathbf{x} & 4 \\ 6 & \mathbf{x} & \mathbf{x} & 3 \\ 5 & \mathbf{x} & \mathbf{x} & 4 \\ 6 & \mathbf{x} & \mathbf{x} & 3 \\ \end{array} \right\}$		$\begin{array}{c} 17.1\\ 18.5\\ 19.9\\ 8.7\\ 10.4\\ 12.0\\ 13.6\\ 15.2\\ 16.8\\ 18.3\\ 19.8\\ 21.3\\ 22.7\\ 11.0\\ 12.8\\ 14.5\\ 21.3\\ 22.7\\ 11.0\\ 12.8\\ 14.5\\ 19.5\\ 21.1\\ 22.7\\ 24.2\\ 11.7\\ 13.5\\ 15.3\\ 17.1\\ 18.9\\ 20.6\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 5.03\\ 5.44\\ 5.84\\ 5.84\\ 5.84\\ 5.84\\ 5.84\\ 5.82\\ 6.05\\ 3.53\\ 4.00\\ 4.47\\ 5.38\\ 5.82\\ 6.25\\ 6.68\\ 3.24\\ 3.75\\ 4.25\\ 6.68\\ 3.24\\ 3.75\\ 4.75\\ 5.24\\ 5.72\\ \hline \\ \hline \\ 3.43\\ 3.97\\ 4.50\\ 5.03\\ 5.55\\ 6.06\\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & \mathbf{x}  3\frac{1}{2} \\ 6 & \mathbf{x}  4 \\ 7 & \mathbf{x}  3\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \\ 8 & \mathbf{x}  3\frac{1}{2} \\ 8 & \mathbf{x}  3\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3\\ 4\\ 4\\ 1\\ 1\\ 5\\ 5\\ 5\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 3\\ 8\\ 7\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 2\\ 9\\ 1\\ 6\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\$	$\begin{array}{c} 22.4\\ 24.0\\ 25.7\\ 27.3\\ 28.9\\ 12.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.2\\ 18.1\\ 20.0\\ 21.8\\ 23.6\\ 25.4\\ 27.2\\ 28.9\\ 30.6\\ 15.0\\ 17.0\\ 24.9\\ 26.8\\ 28.7\\ 30.5\\ 32.3\\ 28.7\\ 30.5\\ 32.3\\ 20.5\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6.57\\ 7.06\\ 7.55\\ 8.03\\ 8.50\\ 3.61\\ 4.19\\ 4.75\\ 5.31\\ 5.86\\ 6.41\\ 6.94\\ 7.47\\ 7.99\\ 8.50\\ 9.00\\ 4.41\\ 5.00\\ 6.18\\ 6.75\\ 7.32\\ 7.88\\ 8.43\\ 8.97\\ 9.50\\ \end{array}$

Standard Angles vary only by  $\frac{1}{16}$  inch.

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	WEIG	HT OF			ND SQ L FOOT		STEE	Ľ
Size in Inches	Round	Square	Size in Inches	Round	Square	Size in Inches	Round	Square
$0\frac{1}{32} \\ \frac{4}{16} \\ \frac{1}{16} \\ \frac{4}{1} \\ \frac{3}{16} \\ \frac{4}{1} \\ \frac{4}{1} \\ \frac{4}{1} \\ \frac{4}{5} \\$	.0026 .0104 .0417 .0938 .1669	.0033 .0133 .0531 .1195 .2123	$2^{\frac{4}{16}}$	10.68 11.36 12.06 12.78 13.52	$13.60 \\ 14.46 \\ 15.35 \\ 16.27 \\ 17.22 \\ 19.10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ & \frac{1}{16} \\ & \frac{1}{8} \\ & \frac{3}{16} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \\ & \frac{4}{5} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 42.73 \\ 44.07 \\ 45.44 \\ 46.83 \\ 48.24 \\ 40.66 \end{array}$	54.4056.1157.8559.62 $61.4169.90$
$   \begin{array}{c}                                     $	.2608 .3756 .5111 .6676	.3333 .4782 .6508 .8500	$ \begin{array}{c}  & \frac{5}{16} \\  & \frac{3}{8} \\  & \frac{7}{16} \\  & \frac{1}{2} \end{array} $	$14.28 \\ 15.07 \\ 15.86 \\ 16.69$	$     \begin{array}{r}       18.19 \\       19.18 \\       20.20 \\       21.25     \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c}                                     $	$49.66 \\ 51.11 \\ 52.58 \\ 54.07$	$\begin{array}{c} 63.23 \\ 65.08 \\ 66.95 \\ 68.85 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{c} & \frac{9}{16} \\ & \frac{5}{8} \\ & \frac{11}{16} \\ & \frac{13}{4} \end{array}$	.8449 1.043 1.262 1.502	1.076 1.328 1.608	$     \frac{49}{16}     \frac{9}{16}     \frac{45}{8}     \frac{11}{16}     \frac{11}{16}     \frac{13}{4} $	17.53 18.40 19.29 20.20	22.33 23.43 24.56 25.00	$ \begin{array}{c}  & 9 \\  & 16 \\  & 5 \\  & 8 \\  & 4 \\  & 16 \\  & 16 \\  & & 3 \\  & & 3 \\  & & 3 \\  & & & 3 \\  & & & & & \\ \end{array} $	55.59 57.12 58.67 60.25	70.7872.7374.7076.71
4 4 <u>13</u> 16 4 <u>7</u> 8 4 <u>15</u> 16	$\frac{1.763}{2.044}\\2.347$	$2.245 \\ 2.603 \\ 2.989$	$ \begin{array}{r}  & \frac{13}{16} \\  & \frac{7}{8} \\  & \frac{15}{16} \\  & 16 \end{array} $	$21.12 \\ 22.07 \\ 23.04$	$26.90 \\ 28.10 \\ 29.34$	$ \begin{array}{r}     4 \\     4 \\     13 \\     16 \\     47 \\     8 \\     4 \\     15 \\     16 \\   \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 61.84 \\ 63.46 \\ 65.10 \end{array}$	$78.74 \\ 80.81 \\ 82.89$
$ \frac{1}{\frac{1}{16}} \\ \frac{1}{\frac{1}{8}} \\ \frac{1}{\frac{3}{16}} $	2.670 3.014 3.379 3.766	$\begin{array}{c} 3.400 \\ 3.838 \\ 4.303 \\ 4.795 \end{array}$	3 " <u>1</u> 6 " <u>1</u> 8 " <u>3</u> 16	$24.03 \\ 25.04 \\ 26.08 \\ 27.13$	30.60 31.89 33.20 34.55	5 " $\frac{1}{16}$ " $\frac{1}{8}$ " $\frac{3}{16}$ "	$\begin{array}{c} 66.76 \\ 68.44 \\ 70.14 \\ 71.86 \end{array}$	
$ \begin{array}{c}  & \frac{1}{4} \\  & \frac{5}{16} \\  & \frac{3}{8} \\  & \frac{7}{16} \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 4.173 \\ 4.600 \\ 5.019 \\ 5.518 \end{array}$	$5.312 \\ 5.857 \\ 6.428 \\ 7.026$	$   \begin{array}{r}                                     $	$\begin{array}{c} 28.20 \\ 29.30 \\ 30.42 \\ 31.56 \end{array}$	$35.92 \\ 37.31 \\ 38.73 \\ 40.18$	$   \begin{array}{r}                                     $	$73.60 \\ 75.37 \\ 77.15 \\ 78.95$	$\begin{array}{r} 93.72 \\ 95.96 \\ 98.23 \\ 100.5 \end{array}$
$ \begin{array}{c}  & \begin{array}{c}  & & \frac{1}{2} \\  & & \frac{9}{16} \\  & & \begin{array}{c}  & & \frac{6}{8} \\  & & \begin{array}{c}  & & \\  & & \\  & & \\  & & \\  & & \begin{array}{c}  & & \\  $	6.008 6.520 7.051 7.604	7.650 8.301 8.978 9.682	$\begin{array}{c} & \frac{1}{2} \\ & \frac{9}{16} \\ & \frac{5}{8} \\ & \frac{11}{16} \end{array}$	<b>32.71</b> <b>33.90</b> <b>35.09</b> <b>36.31</b>	$\begin{array}{c} 41.65 \\ 43.14 \\ 44.68 \\ 46.24 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c}  & \frac{1}{2} \\  & \frac{9}{16} \\  & \frac{5}{8} \\  & \frac{11}{16} \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 80.77 \\ 82.62 \\ 84.49 \\ 86.38 \end{array}$	102.8 105.2 107.6 110:0

U.S. Stand- ard Gauge 10 weight per sq. ft., lbs. 7 Size of Sheet 12 24 x 72 69 24 x 84 81 24 x 96 93 24 x 120 116 26 x 72 75 26 x 84 88 26 x 96 100 26 x 120 125 28 x 72 81 28 x 84 94 28 x 84 94 28 x 96 108	4.531	14	16	18	00								
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	4.531				20	22	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		3.281	2.656	2.156	1.656	1.406	1.156	1.031	.9062	.8437	.7812	.7187	.6562
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	72.5	52.5	42.5	34.5	26.5	22.5	18.5	16.5	14.5	13.5	12.5	11.5	10.5
$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 24 & x & 84 & 81 \\ 24 & x & 96 & 93 \\ 24 & x & 120 & 116 \\ 26 & x & 72 & 75 \\ 26 & x & 84 & 88 \\ 26 & x & 96 & 100 \\ 26 & x & 120 & 125 \\ 28 & x & 72 & 81 \\ 28 & x & 72 & 81 \\ 28 & x & 84 & 94 \end{array}$			1	Weig	ht of	Shee	t—P	ound	s				
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	95 109 136 95 111 127 159 109 125	$\begin{array}{c} 39\\ 46\\ 53\\ 66\\ 43\\ 50\\ 57\\ 71\\ 46\\ 54\\ 61\\ 57\\ 66\\ 82\\ 59\\ 69\\ 79\\ 98\\ 71\\ 69\\ 80\\ 92\\ 115\\ 79\\ 92\\ 105\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 32\\ 37\\ 43\\ 53\\ 35\\ 40\\ 46\\ 58\\ 37\\ 43\\ 50\\ 62\\ 40\\ 46\\ 53\\ 64\\ 80\\ 56\\ 64\\ 80\\ 56\\ 64\\ 80\\ 56\\ 74\\ 93\\ 64\\ 74\\ 85\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 26\\ 30\\ 35\\ 43\\ 28\\ 33\\ 37\\ 40\\ 50\\ 32\\ 38\\ 43\\ 54\\ 39\\ 45\\ 52\\ 65\\ 45\\ 53\\ 60\\ 75\\ 52\\ 60\\ 75\\ 52\\ 60\\ 69 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 23\\ 27\\ 33\\ 22\\ 25\\ 29\\ 36\\ 23\\ 27\\ 31\\ 9\\ 25\\ 29\\ 33\\ 41\\ 35\\ 40\\ 35\\ 40\\ 50\\ 34\\ 41\\ 46\\ 58\\ 40\\ 46\\ 55\\ 55\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 17\\ 20\\ 23\\ 28\\ 18\\ 21\\ 24\\ 30\\ 20\\ 23\\ 26\\ 33\\ 26\\ 33\\ 21\\ 25\\ 28\\ 35\\ 25\\ 30\\ 34\\ 42\\ 299\\ 34\\ 439\\ 49\\ 34\\ 39\\ 45\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 14\\ 16\\ 19\\ 23\\ 15\\ 18\\ 20\\ 25\\ 16\\ 19\\ 227\\ 17\\ 20\\ 23\\ 29\\ 21\\ 24\\ 28\\ 35\\ 24\\ 28\\ 32\\ 41\\ 28\\ 32\\ 41\\ 28\\ 32\\ 37\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12\\ 14\\ 17\\ 21\\ 13\\ 16\\ 8\\ 22\\ 14\\ 17\\ 19\\ 24\\ 15\\ 18\\ 21\\ 25\\ 21\\ 225\\ 29\\ 36\\ 25\\ 29\\ 36\\ 25\\ 29\\ 33\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 11\\ 13\\ 15\\ 12\\ 14\\ 16\\ 20\\ 13\\ 15\\ 17\\ 14\\ 16\\ 18\\ 23\\ 16\\ 19\\ 22\\ 27\\ 19\\ 22\\ 25\\ 33\\ 22\\ 25\\ 29\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10\\ 12\\ 14\\ 17\\ 11\\ 13\\ 15\\ 18\\ 12\\ 14\\ 16\\ 20\\ 13\\ 15\\ 17\\ 21\\ 15\\ 18\\ 20\\ 25\\ 18\\ 20\\ 25\\ 18\\ 20\\ 25\\ 18\\ 20\\ 20\\ 24\\ 27\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 9\\ 11\\ 13\\ 16\\ 10\\ 12\\ 14\\ 17\\ 11\\ 13\\ 15\\ 18\\ 12\\ 14\\ 16\\ 20\\ 14\\ 16\\ 19\\ 23\\ 16\\ 19\\ 22\\ 27\\ 19\\ 22\\ 25\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 9\\ 10\\ 12\\ 14\\ 9\\ 11\\ 12\\ 16\\ 10\\ 12\\ 13\\ 17\\ 11\\ 13\\ 14\\ 18\\ 13\\ 15\\ 17\\ 222\\ 15\\ 18\\ 20\\ 25\\ 17\\ 20\\ 23\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 8 \\ 9 \\ 11 \\ 13 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 14 \\ 9 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 15 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 13 \\ 16 \\ 12 \\ 14 \\ 16 \\ 20 \\ 14 \\ 16 \\ 18 \\ 21 \\ 18 \\ 21 \end{array}$

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			WE	IG	· F	OF	FL	AT	BAI	R V	TEE	L PI	ER I	INE	WEIGHT OF FLAT BAR STEEL PER LINEAL FOOT	60	-			
Thickness in Inches	Nin	40)00	n ≉	8~100		-100 	14	007 1	-10° -1	ल म ==	61	C1	5	01 10	n	$3_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1}$	-11	r3	9	1
·····································	213 319 531 638 744 1	266 339 533 533 533 533 533 533 533 533 533		222.372 1.1.2583 1.1.2743	426 426 426 426 426 426 426 426 426 426	33.1         33.1         33.1         34.2         37.4         37.4           33.2         33.2         35.2         36.2         37.4         37.4         37.4	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	855.640 778.960 771.28 171.28 161.60 171.28 161.60 162.23 162.23 122.23 122.23 122.33	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 479 & 530 & 555 & 640 & 745 & 850 & 955 \\ 718 & 790 & 878 & 9001 & 12 & 1 & 28 & 1 & 43 \\ 9551 & 061 & 771 & 281 & 49 & 1 & 70 & 1 & 91 \\ 1 & 201 & 331 & 501 & 751 & 912 & 32 & 230 \\ 1 & 201 & 331 & 501 & 751 & 912 & 32 & 255 & 28 \\ 1 & 671 & 802 & 052 & 222 & 00 & 2 & 95 & 3 & 35 \\ 1 & 671 & 802 & 052 & 222 & 00 & 2 & 95 & 3 & 35 \\ 1 & 912 & 132 & 342 & 552 & 92 & 3193 & 73 & 33 & 33 & 44 & 30 \\ 2 & 332 & 503 & 292 & 193 & 703 & 233 & 34 & 46 & 5 & 10 \\ 3 & 513 & 232 & 503 & 321 & 406 & 4 & 65 & 5 & 26 \\ 3 & 533 & 264 & 923 & 193 & 703 & 235 & 34 & 46 & 5 & 10 & 5 & 74 \\ 3 & 113 & 453 & 804 & 144 & 83 & 5 & 53 & 6 & 57 & 4 \\ 3 & 113 & 453 & 804 & 144 & 83 & 5 & 53 & 6 & 57 & 17 \\ 3 & 524 & 551 & 003 & 465 & 51 & 6 & 50 & 7 & 10 \\ 3 & 524 & 551 & 003 & 465 & 51 & 6 & 50 & 7 & 10 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.07\\ 1.07\\ 2.69\\ 3.72\\ 5.84\\ 5.84\\ 5.84\\ 5.84\\ 5.84\\ 5.82\\ 5.84\\ 6.40\\ 6.40\\ 12.78\\ 19.56\\ 11.9.56\\ 11.9.56\\ 11.0.65\\ 11.0.0.65\\ 11.0.65\\ 1$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.\ 07\ 1.18\\ 1.\ 00\ 1.18\\ 2.13\ 2.34\\ 2.13\ 2.34\\ 2.06\ 3.292\\ 3.72\ 4.09\\ 3.72\ 4.09\\ 5.84\ 6.43\\ 5.84\ 6.43\\ 5.84\ 6.43\\ 7.95\ 8.19\\ 7.02\\ 6.91\ 7.02\\ 6.91\ 7.02\\ 6.91\ 7.02\\ 6.91\ 7.02\\ 1.14\ 9.36\\ 9.56\ 10.54\\ 1.05\\ 12.78\ 14.04\\ 14.04\ 14.04\\ 14.04\ 14.04\ 14.04\\ 14.04\ 14.0$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.28\\ 1.92\\ 3.19\\ 3.19\\ 5.19\\ 5.74\\ 6.39\\ 5.74\\ 6.39\\ 7.01\\ 7.01\\ 7.01\\ 1.48\\ 10.20\\ 11.48\\ 111.48\\ 111.48\\ 111.48\\ 112.76\\ 112.76\\ 112.76\\ 112.76\\ 112.30\\ 112.76\\ 112.30\\ 112.76\\ 112.76\\ 112.30\\ 112.76\\ 112.30\\ 112.76\\ 112.30\\ 112.76\\ 112.30\\ 112.76\\ 112.30\\ 112.76\\ 112.30\\ 112.76\\ 112.30\\ 112.76\\ 112.30\\ 112.76\\ 112.30\\ 112.76\\ 112.30\\ 112.76\\ 112.30\\ 112.76\\ 112.30\\ 112$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.49\\ 1.49\\ 2.24\\ 5.298\\ 5.21\\ 5.26\\ 6.69\\ 6.69\\ 1.22\\ 1.22\\ 1.22\\ 1.22\\ 1.12\\ 1.22\\ 1.12$	$ \begin{array}{c} 530 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	$\begin{array}{c} 2 & 13 \\ 2 & 13 \\ 3 & 20 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 11 & 0 \\ 11 & $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.56 \\ 2.98 \\ 5.11 \\ 5.11 \\ 5.11 \\ 5.11 \\ 5.11 \\ 5.11 \\ 5.11 \\ 5.11 \\ 5.11 \\ 5.11 \\ 5.11 \\ 5.11 \\ 9.11 \\ 9.$

Carrying Capacities of Pipe

	1	1					-	-			_	_	-				-	-	_	_	
		2 83	000	-	1.98	2.97	3.46	3.96	4.95	5.94	6.93	7.92	8.91	9.90	10.89	11.88	12.86	13.85	14.84	15.83	
		21	938	1.41	1.88	2.81	3.28	3.75	4.65	5.63	6.56	7.50	8.44	9.38	10.31	11.25				15.00	
		2 <sup>1</sup>	886	1.33	1.77	2.65	3.10	3.54	4.43	5.31	6.20	7.08	7.97	8.85	9.74	10.63	11.51	12.40		14.17	
DOT		6	833	1.25	1.67 2.08	2.50	2.92	3.33	4.17	5.00	5.83	6.67	7.50	8.33	9.17	10.00	10.83	11.67	12.50	13.33	
NL FC		1 8	781	1.17	1.56	2.34	2.73	3.12	3.91	4.69	5.47	6.25	7.03	7.81		9.38	10.16	10.94	11.72	12.50	
INEA		6)4 1	729	1.09	1.46	2.19	2.55	2.92	3.65	4.38	5.10	5.83	6.56	7.29		8.75	9.48	10.21	10.94	11.67	
ER I		18	.677	L	1.36	2.03	2.37	2.71	3.30	4.06	4.74	5.42		6.77	7.45	8.13	8.80	9.48	10.16	10.83	
ON P	ICHES	13	.625	.938	1.25 1.56	1.88	2.18	2.50	3.13	3.75	4.38	5.00	5.63	6.25	6.88	7.50	8.13	8.75	9.38	10.00	
R IR	WIDTH IN INCHES	n's 1	.573	.859	1.15 1.43	1.72	2.09	2.29	2.86	3.44	4.01	4.58	5.16	5.73	6.30	6.88	7.45	8.02	8.59	9.17	
r ba	HTUI	14	.521	.781	1.04	1.56	1.82	2.08	2.60	3.13	3.65	4.17	4.69	5.21	5.73	6.25	6.77	7.29	7.81	8.33	
FLAT	M	1 ŝ	.469	.703	.938	1.41	1.64	1.87	2.34	2.81	3.28	3.75	4.22	4.69	5.16	5.63	6.09	6.56	7.03	7.50	
WEIGHT OF FLAT BAR IRON PER LINEAL FOOT		1	714.	.625	1.04	1.25	1.46	1.67	2.08	2.50	2.92	3.33	3.75	4.17	4.58	5.00	5.42	5.83	6.25	6.67	
IGHT		8- s0	.370	.551	.730	1.09	1.25	1.46	1.82	2.19	:	:	:			:		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		:	
WE		eo] <b>-4</b>	.316	.471	.790	.950	066.	1.26	1.08	:		:		:	:			:	:	:	
		wo/aa	.260	420	.640	.784	.840	.900	:		:		:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	
		-101	.211	361	491	.634	:	:		:							-	:	:	:	
	Thick-	inches inches	+190	16	3 16		, 10	-( <b>ຕ</b> ю			- ee		40 -	(	(xo	-1 7	340 e	***	-100	N	

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### Calculations for Size of Furnace, Pipes and Registers

The equivalent glass-surface is equal to the area of windows and doors plus one-fourth that of the exposed wall expressed in square feet:

(1) To find area of grate in square inches: Divide equivalent glass-surface in square feet by 1.25 or multiply by 0.8.

(2) To find area of flue for any room in square inches: Divide equivalent glass-surface in square feet by 1.2 for first story, by 1.5 for second story, by 1.8 for third story.

(3) Make area of vent-flues 0.8 of hot-air flues.

(4) Make area of cold-air box 0.8 of given areas of flues.

(5) Take area of chimney smoke-flue in square inches as one-twelfth that of grate, with I in. added to each dimension.

This table gives different sizes of hot-air registers used in furnace-practice, together with the equivalents of the capacity of the same in round leader-pipes from furnace, with an elevation of at least I in. to the foot; also the equivalent in riserpipes (or stacks), and also the cubic feet of space in first, second and third stories which said registers, with their proper round and square pipes, will heat. The table is based on normal conditions, with runs of pipe of usual length, and is intended to show the size of registers and pipes necessary to raise the temperature of air from zero outside to 70° F. inside, within reasonable time, without forcing. The sizes that are marked with an asterisk are those recommended for general use. The larger the register the less resistance to the flow of the heated air, but sizes mentioned will produce good results, and, being stock sizes, will always be found in stock

In planning work arrange to use the sizes referred to. It should always be borne in mind, however, that uniform heating does not depend so much upon the actual sizes of the pipes as upon the *relative* sizes. For example, in a two-story house of eight rooms of exactly the same size and the same amount of wall and glass area the best heating results will be obtained not by using the same size of pipes for all the rooms, even if the pipes are of ample capacity, but by carefully proportioning the sizes of the pipes according to the exposure, length of the leaders, and location of the room in either the first or second story. The registers in the rooms with north and west exposures should be a little nearer the furnace, if possible, than the others, and the pipes to the first story should be larger than those leading to the second story. The International Heater Company states that I sq. in. of capacity of hot-air pipe will heat 50 cu. ft. in stores and 90 cu. ft. in churches when there is but one pipe directly over the furnace.

Dimensions	of	Registers	and	Boilers
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Size of	Regist	eß	Bo	rder
body, in	Extreme dimensions, in	Depth open, in·	With ribs, floor opening, in	Tin-box size, in
4× 6 4× 8 4×10 4×13 4×13 5× 8 5× 11 5× 13 5× 16 6× 6 6× 6 6× 6 6× 10 6× 16 6× 16 6× 16 6× 16 6× 16 6× 16 6× 14 6× 16 8× 12 8× 15 8× 16 8× 16 8× 16 8× 15 8× 15 9× 15 9× 15 10× 15 9× 15 10×	$\begin{array}{c} 556 \times 756 \\ 514 \times 914 \\ 514 \times 1134 \\ 514 \times 1134 \\ 514 \times 1134 \\ 514 \times 1014 \\ 636 \times 936 \\ 636 \times 1236 \\ 636 \times 1236 \\ 636 \times 1236 \\ 636 \times 1236 \\ 7156 \times 10156 \\ 934 \times 934 \\ 934 \times 10356 \\ 934 \times 1034 \\ 934 \times 10356 \\ 934 \times 1034 \\ 934 \times 10356 \\ 1056 \times 1076 \\ 1056 \times 1076 \\ 1056 \times 10766 \\ 1056 \times 10756 \\ 1056 \times 10056 \\ 1056 \times$	175 214 214 214 214 214 2 2 2 236 236 236 236 236 236 236 236 2	83% ×113% 83% ×113% 83% ×113% 83% ×163% 83% ×163% 93% ×163% 93% ×129% 93% ×129% 93% ×129% 93% ×129% 93% ×129% 93% ×123% 93% ×123% 93% ×123% 10% ×133% 10% ×133% 11% ×133% 11% ×133% 11% ×133% 11% ×133% 11% ×133% 11% ×133% 11% ×134% 13% ×223% 13% ×23% 13% ×23%14% 14% ×23% 14%	5316 × 8316 5316 × 1316 5316 × 1316 5316 × 1316 5316 × 1316 6916 × 9916 6916 × 10916 6916 × 10916 834 × 10316 835 × 1035 835 × 1
10×16 10×18 10×20 12×12 12×14 12×14 12×15	$\begin{array}{c} 11^{1}5(6\times1778)\\ 11^{1}5(6\times1978)\\ 11^{1}5(6\times1978)\\ 11^{1}5(6\times14^{1}6)\\ 14^{1}6(8\times14^{1}6)\\ 14^{1}6(8\times16^{1}6)\\ 13^{1}3(6\times16^{1}5)\\ 13^{1}6(8\times16^{1}5)\\ 13^{1}6($	3 <sup>3</sup> 4 3 <sup>3</sup> 5 3 <sup>3</sup> 5 4 4 4 4	14316 ×20316 14316 ×22316 14316 ×22316 16316 ×14316 16316 ×16316 16316 ×18376 16316 ×19316	$ \begin{array}{c} 10^{1} \frac{1}{16} \times 16^{11} \frac{1}{16} \\ 10^{1} \frac{1}{16} \times 18^{11} \frac{3}{16} \\ 10^{1} \frac{1}{16} \times 20^{1} \frac{1}{16} \\ 12^{13} \frac{1}{16} \times 12^{13} \frac{1}{16} \\ 12^{13} \frac{1}{16} \times 12^{13} \frac{1}{16} \\ 12^{13} \frac{1}{16} \times 15^{13} \frac{1}{16} \end{array} $

Size of	Register		Bord	let
body, in	Extrem <b>e</b> dimensions, in <sup>.</sup>	Depth open, in	With ribs, floor-opening, in	Tin-box size, in
12×16 12×17* 12×18 12×19 12×20 12×24 12×30 12×30 14×14 14×16 14×18 14×20 15×22 16×16 16×18 16×22 16×21 16×23 16×24 20×20 20×24 20×24 20×24 21×24 24×24 24×24 24×35 24×35 24×36 16×35 16×24 1	143/16 ×18 143/16 ×19 143/16 ×203/16 143/16 ×213/16 143/16 ×213/16 143/16 ×213/16 143/16 ×22 143/16 ×22 143/16 ×22 143/16 ×22 143/16 ×22 143/16 ×22 163/16 ×223/16 163/16 ×223/16 163/16 ×223/16 163/16 ×223/16 183/16 ×223/16 183/16 ×223/16 183/16 ×223/16 183/16 ×203/16 183/16 ×203/16 183/16 ×203/16 183/16 ×203/16 183/16 ×203/16 183/16 ×203/16 205/16 ×203/16 205/16 ×203/16 205/16 ×23/14 205/16 ×23/14 205/16 ×23/16 205/16 ×23/14 205/16 ×23/16 205/16 ×23/16 205/16 205/16 205/16 205/16 205/16 205/16 205/16 205/16 205/16	\$ 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	$\begin{array}{c} 167.6 \times 207.6 \\ 167.6 \times 217.6 \\ 167.6 \times 217.6 \\ 167.6 \times 217.6 \\ 167.6 \times 227.6 \\ 181.5 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 12^{1}36\times16^{1}36\\ 12^{1}36\times17^{1}36\\ 12^{1}36\times17^{1}36\\ 12^{1}36\times17^{1}36\\ 12^{1}376\times19^{1}36\\ 12^{1}376\times19^{1}36\\ 12^{1}376\times29^{1}36\\ 12^{1}376\times29^{1}36\\ 12^{1}376\times29^{1}36\\ 1476\times10^{2}56\\ 1476\times10^{2}56\\ 1476\times20^{2}56\\ 1476\times20^{2}56\\ 1676\times20^{2}56\\ 20^{1}576\times20^{1}56\\ 20^$
24×45 27×27 27×38 30×30 30×36 30×42	297/16 ×291/16 207/16 ×40 <sup>3</sup> /s 32 <sup>3</sup> /s ×32 <sup>3</sup> /s 32 <sup>3</sup> /s ×38 <sup>3</sup> /s 32 <sup>3</sup> /s ×44 <sup>3</sup> /s	6 6)⁄2 7³⁄4 7³⁄4 7³⁄4	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	271 5/6 × 271 5/6 271 5/6 × 381 5/6 301 5/6 × 301 5/6 301 5/6 × 301 5/6 301 5/6 × 301 5/6

Dimensions of Registers and Boilers

Estimated Capacity of Pipes and Registers

		ROUND	PIPES		
Diameter of pipe, in	Area, sq in	Diameter of pipe, in	Area, sq in	Diameter of pipe, in	Area, sq in <sup>.</sup>
7 8 9	38 50 63 78	12 14 16 18	113 154 201 254	22 24 26 28	380 452 531 616
11	95	20	314	30	707

#### RECTANGULAR PIPES

Size of pipe, in	Area, sq in	Size of p <sup>i</sup> pe, in	Arca, sq in	Size of pipe, in	Area, sq in
4× 8	32	8×20	160	12×18	216
4×10	40	8×24	192	12×20	240
4×12	48	10×12	120	12×24	288
4×16	64	10×15	150	14×14	196
6×10	60	10×16	160	14×16	224
6×12	72	10×18	180	14×20	280
6×16	<b>96</b>	10×20	200	16×16	256
8×10	80	12×12	144	16×18	288
8×12	96	12×15	180	16×20	320
8×16	128	12×16	192	16×24	384

#### REGISTERS

Size of opening.	Capacity, sq in	Size of opening, in	Capacity, sq in	Size of opening, in	Capacity, sq in
6×10	40	10×14	93	20×20	267
8×10	53	10×16	107	20×24	320
8×12	64	12×15	120	20×26	347
8×15	80	12×19	152	21×29	406
9×12	72	14×22	205	27×27	486
9×14	84	15×25	1250	27×38	684
10×12	80	16×24	256	30×30	600

#### ROUND REGISTERS

Size of opening, in	Capacity, sq in	Size of opening, in	Capacity, sq in	Size of opening, in	Capacity, sq in
7	26	12	75	20	209
8	33	14	103	24	301
9	42	16	134	30	471
10	52	18	169	36	679

3 :	2355	89	20 36	65	171/	So	15¥ 50	45	141% 45	41	121/2 41	36	10% 36	31	936 31	26	73/ 26	2
4 :	22%	88	1934	75	1636	63	١S	57	1338 57	s	11 76	44	101	38	<b>X8</b>	31	71%	25
5 ;	221/4	106	191%	ş	91	75	1438	67	12 36 67	59	¥11	51	76	43	81/8	35	8%9	27
6:	2134	123	1836	104	15 3%	85	13%	75	12%	8	1034	57	\$16	47	7%	38	Width	Area
. 1	211/8	137	18	112	14 7/8	92	13%	ξ	11.3	72	101%	8	856 60	49	Width 49	Area		]
00 :	20 56	151	173%	126	1414	101	1234	88	11 1/8	75	95% 75	6,3	width 63	Area				
9 :	20	163	16% 163	134	133/4 134	IC 6	121/8 116	92	10%	78	width 78	Tea		]			(	
10	3461	173	161/4 173	141	131/8 141	110	11 36	191	Width	Area								/
11	18%	181	15%	147	12 56 147	112	Width 112	Area										-
12	1814	189	151%	151	Width 151	Area						*-						î
14 in.	171%	198	Width	Area	12 in.	-			-	ء ا	Ę							
to	Width	Area	14 in.	-							10	Ą-		-	/			
Ovalled	16 in.	16										->				]		
will occupy is $10\frac{14}{3}$ in, that is to say: the 8-in, pipe is ovalled to 4 x $10\frac{14}{3}$ in. See Figs. 248 and 249. See page 317 for round pipe areas and circumferences.	See	iqui in.	те мі ліе мі	3.4 L	rences	ova mfe	pe is circu	n. pi and	will occupy is 10 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in, that is to say: the 8-in, pipe is ovalled to and 249. See page 317 for round pipe areas and circumferences.	y:t	to sa	t is rou	, tha 7 for	ge 31	is 10, e pag	upy	1 occi 1 249.	wil
	) h	111					•	, ,	l		5			ې ۲	oldud		Ear example	Car
hand column and the space pipe will occupy when ovalled in right-hand column under	colun	and	ght-ha	р. Д.н	column and the space pipe will occupy when ovalled in	oval	/hen	w Ac	occul	will	ipe ,	ce I	e spa	th a	n and	lumi	h co	har

The right-hand column gives the size of pipe when ovalled. HEATING The area is given in left-

SIZE, AND AREAS OF ROUND PIPE OVALLED FOR USE IN WARM AIR

outlet	utlet in	Ope	NINGS 1	N SEPAF	ATOR.		Dim Se	ENSIONS	8 O <b>F</b> R.	Lbs.
Diameter of fan ovtlet in inches.	Area of fan outlet square inchec.	Size of inlet in inches.	Area of inlet in square inches.	Diameter of air outlet in inches.	Area of air outlet in square inches.	Diameter of dust outlet in inches.	Outside diame- ter of cylinder in inches.	Height of cyl- inder in inches.	Length of cone in inches.	Shipping weight, Lbs.
5 6	20 28	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> x 9 3 x 10 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	23 32	18 01	56 78	3 4	29] 35]	14 15 1	26] 32]	70 100
7 of	38 or	31 x 13	47	13	132	6	415	181	371	140
8 9 10	50 63 78	$4\frac{1}{5} \times 16$ 5 x 18	72 90	15 17	176 227	6 6	471 531	21 23	433 50	175 245
11 or 12 13	95 or 113	51 x 21	115	20	314	10	59 <u>]</u>	26	56	315
01	133 or	6] x 24	150	23}	433	10	651	29	61}	395
14 15 16	$154 \\ 177$	7 x 27	189	26	531	-10	71]	32	67}	490
16 or 17	201 or	8 x 30	240	28	615	10	77]	35	72]	\$75
17 18	227 254	81 x 32	272	31	754	10	83 <u>1</u>	38	771	715
19 or	283 or		315	33	855	10	89]	41	821	875
20 21 22 23	or 314 346 380	9 x 40 10 x 41	360 410	36 39	1,017 1,194	10 10		46 47	\$5} 89	930 1,000
or	415 or	$\} 10^{1}_{2} \times 43$	451	41	1,320	11	101]	49	93	1,095
24 25 26 27 28 29	452 491 531 572 621 660	11 x 45 11 x 48 11 x 51 11 x 54	495 528 561 621 684	44 46 49 52 55	$\begin{array}{c}1,520\\1,662\\1,885\\2,123\\2,375\end{array}$			51 54 57 60 63	97 995 1035 1094 1115	1,455 1,600 1,700 1,855 2,035
29 30 31	707	12 x 60	720	58	2,642		1	66	1151	2,155
or 32	or 804	} 12] x 63	807	61	2,922	1	129]	69	118]	2,250
32 33 34 35 36	853 908 965	5 13 x 66 13 x 69 2 14 x 72	858 932 1,008	64 67 70	3,217 3,525 3,848		137	72 75 78	122] 126] 129]	2,420 2,555 2,745
or	1,01 or	} 143 x 75	1,057	73	4,155	1	1451	81	1331	2,900
37 38	1,07	1 15 x 78	1,170	76	4,530	1	149]	84	137½	3,065
39 or	. 1,19	¥[]	1,255	79	4,901	1	153]	87	141}	3,235
<b>4</b> 0 <b>4</b> 1	or 1,25 1,32	6 <b>16 x 84</b>	1,344	82	5,281	1	157}	90	145}	3.395

Table of Dimensions of Dust Separators

No.	Diam. Pipe from ·	Area Of Dust	В.	C.	D.	E.	F.	G.	н	Wgt 1b.
	Fao.	Inlet.								
000 00 12 34 56 7 89 10 112 13 14 15 17	6 7	28 38	32	28	37	7	6x7	10	12	70
Ň	8 10 12	50 78 113			•••					
ĭ	ıŏ	78	42	38	48	12	10×12	14	14	180
2	iž	113	46	37	48	12	10x12	17	14	240
3	14	154	54	42	60	16	10x14	17	16 26	471
4	16 18 20 22	201	54 60	42 45 54 65 67 78	72	16 16 16 16	14x16	22	26	490
5	18	254	66 72	54	72	16	16x20	25 27 1	26 26 27	500
ő	20	314	72	58	76	16	14x244	27)	26	530
ž	22	380	84 87	65	96	16	16x25	32	27	682
Å	24	452	87	67	96	16	18x26	34	27 27	889
ğ	24 26	531	96	78	96	16	18x32	46	27	1.137
10	28 30	616	96 102	84	96	16 16 16 16	18x37	34 46 40	,27	1,250
ĩĭ	30	707	111	•••		16				1.500
12	32	804	114	90	120	16	22x411	46	27	1.800
13	34	908	117	97	120	16	23x44	48	27	2,000
14	36	1,018	129	105	120	16	24×45	48 50 53	27 27	2,050
15	38	1.134	1321	111	120	16	26x44	53	27	2,150
16	40	1,257	••••				•			
17	42	1,385								

Proportions of Standard Verrell Dust Collectors

### Proportion of Parts of Dust Separators

		OPENING	5		DINENSIONS						
-	No. and Diam. of Inlet.	Size of Intet.	Dianieter Air Outlet, in.	Diameter Dust Out- let, in.	Outside Diainctor Cylinder, in.	Height Cylinder, in.	Lergth Cone, m.	Approxi- mate weight, lb			
	5 6 7 8 9 10 12 13 14 16 17 18 20 22 23 24 23 24 25 26 23 24 25 26 8 30	24x9 3x103 34x133 44x16 5x18 5x18 5x18 5x28 7x30 8x30 9x40 10x41 10x41 11x55 11x45 11x51 11x51 11x51 11x51 12x60 12x60 13x60	8) 10 13 15 15 20 26 28 31 33 36 36 39 41 44 46 49 52 55 55 55 55 61 64 67	3 4 6 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	294 355 414 477 599 655 717 717 839 935 937 937 937 937 937 937 937 1015 105 1099 1133 1177 125 1259 1337	14 15) 18 21 23 20 29 23 35 35 41 40 47 40 47 40 51 57 57 60 66 66 9 72 5	26) 32) 37) 43) 50 61) 72) 82) 80 82) 80 99 93 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 10	70 140 143 315 315 315 377 715 837 930 1.000 1.095 1.455 2.035 2.035 2.235 2.235			
_	18 40 42 44 46	14x72 144x73 15x78 15481 16x84	70 73 76 79 82	14 14 14 14 14	141 145 149 153 157	75 81 84 87 90	129 133 137 141 145	2,745 2,900 3,065 3,235 3,395			

The above recommendations apply to shavings, but not to light buffing dust, etc., for which the separators must be selected to suit operating conditions.

Proportions	of	Main	Duct	in	Dust	Separation	to	Accom-
		11	nodate	B	ranche	?S		

1	Diameter of Branch Pipes in inches.											
	3	34	4	41	5	5 <del>1</del>	6	61	7			
е.	Area of each Branch Pipe in square inches.											
ach pip	7.07	9.62	12.566	15.9	19.635	23.758	28.274	33,183	38.485			
Number of branch pipes.	Area of each Branch Pipe plus 20% (square inches).											
Numbe	8.484	11.544	15.08	19.08	23.562	28.51	33.93	39.82	46.182			
$\begin{array}{c} 1\\ 2\\ 3\\ 4\\ 5\\ 6\\ 7\\ 8\\ 9\\ 10\\ 11\\ 12\\ 13\\ 14\\ 15\\ 16\\ 17\\ 18\\ 19\\ 20\\ 22\\ 23\\ 24\\ 25\\ 26\\ 27\\ 28\\ 29\\ 30\\ \end{array}$	345667888999101111112221334456668999910111111222133444566689889991011111122133444456668988999101111112213344445666898899910111111221334444566689889991011111122133444456668988999101111112213344445668988999101111112213344445668988999101111112213344445668988999101111112213344445689889991011111122133444456898899910111111222334889999101111112223348899991011111122233488999910111111222334889999101111112223348899991011111122233488999910111111222334889999101111112223348899991011111122233488999910111111222334889999910111111223348889999101111112223348889999101111112233488899910111111223348889991011111122348889991011111112233488899910111111122334888999101111111223348889991011111112233488889991011111112233488889991011111112233488899910110334888899910110334888899910000000000000000000000000000000	35566778677867786778677867786778677867786	41 6 9 10 11 12 13 13 14 5 15 16 16 10 10 11 13 13 14 5 16 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	<b>57</b> 8.91 1121 1121 114 114556 1199707 201 201 202 2022 2023 2024 2025566650 202 2022 2025 2026 202 202 2025 2026 202 202 202 202 202 202 202 202 20	51 91 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	6 8 103 124 144 16 17 183 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	61 91 113 114 116 117 118 119 22 22 56 76 77 25 77 25 20 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	74 103 124 114 117 120 225 225 227 227 227 227 227 227 227 227	7 # x + 2 10 x + 2 11 3 z + 2 21 1 - 2 21 1 - 2 22 1 2 23 2 4 5 + 5 26 - 5 27 - 5 26 - 5 26 - 5 26 - 5 26 - 5 27 - 5 26 - 5 26 - 5 26 - 5 26 - 5 27 - 5 26 - 5 26 - 5 27 - 5 26 - 5 26 - 5 26 - 5 27 - 5 26 - 5 26 - 5 27			

#### PROPORTIONING GUTTERS AND CONDUCTORS TO THE ROOF SURFACE

The size of gutters and down-spouts and their distances apart, for roofs of mill buildings with a ¼ pitch and of different spans, are shown in the following table:

One-half roof-span, in feet	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
Size of gutter, in inches	5	5	6	6	7	7	8	8
Size of down-spouts, in inches.	3	3	4	4	5	5	6	6
Spacing of down-spouts, in feet.	50	50	50	50	40	40	40	40

### Just What You Are Looking For

# Gray's Full Sized Patterns

### MAKE UP PERFECT

### Elbows - Skylights - Turrets - Ventilators - Louvres Y Branches - Furnace Boots - Register Boxes - Etc.

The value of these blueprint patterns as time and labor savers is incalculable. You know how long it takes to lay out bars for different styles and sizes of skylights. These perfect patterns save all that. All you have to do is to put them on the metal and mark them off with an awl. The blueprints will last a lifetime if packed away in a tube.

Set A Comprising 80 Patterns, developed on	PRICE
a sheet of 24x68 inches, the sizes rang- ing from 1 to 20 inches, in two, three, four and five pieces Set B.—Comprising 80 Patterns, developed on a sheet of 24×68 inches, the sizes rang-	\$2.50
ing from 20 to 40 inches, in five, six, seven and eight pieces Sets A & B Together160 Patterns, with	2.50
Chart showing all the angles and degrees of same Set C.—Hip, Gable and Single Pitch Skylight	5.00
Patterns of the Hay's Patent, for 1½-inch bar Set D.—Hip, Gable and Single Pitch Skylight	5.00
Patterns of the Hay's Patent, for 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> - inch bar	5.00
Set E.—Hip, Gable and Single Pitch Patterns of the Hay's Patent, for 3½-inch bar	5.00
Set F.—Full Set Hip and Gable Skylights, 1- inch bar Set G.—Turret Skylight Patterns with Sashes	4.00
a part can be left stationary	2.50
Set H.—Louvie Skylight lattens. For Sta- tionary Louvie and for Louvie to operate by cord and pulley, with full size working detail showing how Louvie operates Set I.—Balustrade Pattern of approved design	2.50 3.00

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Set I Block Letter and Figure Potterna in	PRICE
Set JBlock Letter and Figure Patterns, in- cluding the full alphabet and figures from	
1 to 9 Set KU. S. Standard Liquid Measure Pat-	2.50
Set L No. 1.—Ventilator and Base Patterns for 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20-inch	1.50
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Patterns, with 6-inch offset and straight on one side, 10 standard sizes of each from 3½×9½ to 5½×13½, also 10 sizes of two-piece 45 degree and three-piece square elbow patternsFull Sct Set No. 3.—Oval to Round Furnace Boot Patterns, with 6-inch offset and straight on one side, 10 standard sizes of each from 3½×9½ to 5½×13½, also 10 sizes	4.00
of two-piece 45 degree and three-piece square oval elbow patternsFull Set Set No. 4Y Branch Patterns, 6 sizes, 10- inch to two 8-inch, 12-inch to two 9-inch, 14-inch to two 10-inch, 16-inch to two	4.00
12-inch, 18-inch to two 12-inch, 20-inch to two 14-inch	1.50
ary, to be made either on drop-brake or hand-brake	5.00
Sash Fatterns for Fatterns with Adde on hand-brake or drop-brakeFull Set Set No. 6.—A complete set of Frame and Sash Patterns for Casement Window, used mostly where easy access is wanted	5.00
to balconies, fire escapes, etc. Made on drop-brake	6.00
Mada an hand broke Full Sat	6.00
Set No. 7.—A complete set of Frame and Sash Patterns for metal windows, with sliding sash to operate by chain and pul- ley, to be made on hand-brakeFull Set Set No. 8.—A complete set of Frame and Sash Patterns for metal windows, with	6.00
Sash Patterns for metal windows, with sliding Sash to operate by chain and pul- ley, to be made on drop-brakeFull Sct	6.00

